The Bombay Gazette.

NEW—SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1892.

"INVALID'S PORT."

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S

SHIPPING

ANALYSED BY PROFESSOR CASSEL, F.I.C., F.C.S.

OBTAINABLE IN ALL PRESIDENCIES.

SHIPPING.

...BRITISH INDIA STEAM ...AVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED) ...nd to despatch Steamers as follows :—

...R KURRACHEE, KATTYWAR PORTS, AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, on the ... 7th May, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawul, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Kurrachee.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on ... 11th May, at noon.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "OKILWA," 1,552 tons, on the 8th ... May, at 11 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,144 tons, on ... 5th May, at 3 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Tariff rates can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Bombay, 6th May, 1892. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1892.

KING, KING & Co., BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

SPECIAL AGENTS in India, for Messrs. HENRY GAZE & SONS' CONTINENTAL and AMERICAN TOURS. Tickets by all routes furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING, KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE, CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal town of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. FREE OF CHARGE.

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., KING, BAILLIE & Co., CALCUTTA. LIVERPOOL.
E. B. KING, HYDERABAD (DECCAN).
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO DUNKIRK.

THE S. S. "CLAN MACLEOD," 2,500 tons, Commander E. WARFOLK, will sail for DUNKIRK on or about the 12th May 1892, and has accommodation for a limited number of Passengers. For particulars as to rates of Passages, &c., Apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Agents.

Forbes Street, Bombay, 25th April, 1892.

USEFUL PRESENTS.

GENTLEMEN'S SOLID GOLD SIGNET RINGS.

With round oval or shield-shaped tops, All gold, or with Bloodstones, Cornelians, Sardonyx and other stones securely set.

Any Monogram, Crest or Motto Engraved to order. Masonic Designs in Stock, Rs. 40, 45 and 55.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.

Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING, 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.

EXQUISITE DRESS.

Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.

SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.

High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT on no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY: 28, Apollo Street.
KARACHI: Camp.
LONDON: 27, Leadenhall Street.
" 49-50 Parliament Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest, to be ascertained on application.

PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected free of Commission and without Life Certificate.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS Issued, cashed or sent for collection.

TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.

STOCK, SHARES, &c., bought and sold and INVESTMENTS made.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, SHARES, and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Offices.

HANDBOOKS sent free on Application.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,

BOMBAY: 28, Apollo Street.
KARACHI: Camp.
LONDON: 27, Leadenhall Street,
and 49-50 Parliament Street.

PRICE CURRENT—Published once a Week, Contains Shipping, Arrivals, Departures, Exports, Imports and other Commercial News. Subscription—Rs. 12 per year.

NOTICES.

EUROPEAN GENERAL HOSPITAL NURSING INSTITUTION, BOMBAY.

NURSES TRAINED in Medical, Surgical and Obstetric work are available for duty in any part of INDIA, or to accompany invalids to EUROPE.

The usual charge for a Nurse is Rs. 5 per diem. In prolonged cases, or under any other peculiar circumstances, the Committee are prepared to consider the question of charges.

Application for Nurses should be addressed to

THE SISTER SUPERIOR,
European General Hospital, Bombay.

A GENTLEMAN having considerable Literary, Business and Official experience, would be glad to devote his leisure time to the preparation or revision of all kinds of LITERARY WORK, Appeals, Addresses, Memorials, Newspaper Articles and Letters, &c., either written at first hand or revised and put into shape. STUDENTS' ESSAYS, Exercises, &c., corrected, and personal instruction given if desired. TRANSLATIONS made of FRENCH and ITALIAN correspondence, business or law papers, &c. PROOFS CORRECTED and passed through the Press. Address "WRITER," care of this Paper.

THE MADRAS UNITED SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS Co., Ld.

ધી મદ્રાસ યુનિયાઈટેડ સ્પીનીંગ એન્ડ વીવીંગ મીલ્સ કંપની લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 18th ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company, will be held on SATURDAY, the 7th May, 1892, at 4 P.M., at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, for the purpose of transacting the following business, viz:—

1st.—To receive and adopt the audited Accounts and Balance-sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1891.
2nd.—To declare a Dividend.
3rd.—To appoint Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
4th.—To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

મુળજી જેઠાની કું૦.

&c., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from 21st April to 7th May, 1892, both days inclusive.

THE KHANDEISH SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

ધી ખાનદેશ સ્પીનીંગ એન્ડ વીવીંગ મીલ્સ કંપની લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 18th ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at its Registered Office, No. 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 7th May, 1892, at 4-30 P.M., to transact the following business, viz:—

1st. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited Accounts and Balance-Sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1891.
2nd.—To declare a Dividend.
3rd.—To appoint Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
4th.—To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
5th.—To transact such other business as may be laid before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

મુળજી જેઠાની કું૦.

&c., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 21st April, 1892.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from 21st April to 7th May, 1892, both days inclusive.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY,

INCLUDING

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

TENDER FOR STATIONERY.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, up to 1 P.M., on Wednesday, the 18th May, 1892, sealed Tenders for the SUPPLY of STATIONERY required for the Broad and Metre Gauge Sections of the Company's system, during the 12 months ending 31st May, 1893. Supplies to commence from 1st June, 1892.

2. Forms of Tender, giving particulars of approximate requirements for delivery at Bombay and Ajmere, and conditions on which tenders will be received, may be obtained on application to the Storekeeper's Office, Parel, Bombay, or the Deputy Storekeeper's Office, Ajmere, on payment of Rs. 2 each, at either of which Offices samples may be seen.

3. Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for Stationery for B. B. and C. I. and R.-M. Railways," and must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 (Five Hundred) in Currency Notes. If Government Paper or other securities be submitted they must be endorsed in favour of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company.

4. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items on the same tender, and the tenderer shall be required to supply the items at the rate quoted.

[illegible] any tender.

GEORGE SPENCER,
Acting Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 2nd May, 1892.

WANTED.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

WANTED, TWO MARINE ENGINEERS. Salary to begin with Rs. 200 per month. None need apply except Youngmen who hold Second or First Class Engineer's Certificates for Sea-going Ships from the Board of Trade. Applications with Certificates to be sent to

THE AGENT AND CHIEF ENGINEER,
Bengal and North-Western Railway, Gorakhpur.

FOR SALE.

NOTICE.

VALUABLE PLOTS of LAND FOR SALE, on Warden Road, facing the Sea, opposite the Maha luxmee Battery. Apply to

S. & M. N. CHANDABHOY, M.S.A., Architects, &c.
Victoria Buildings, Fort.

STEAMER FOR SALE.

S. S. SOMALI, 100 A-1, at Lloyd's, 382 Tons Gross, 223 Tons Nett, built in 1886 of Steel by Murdoch and Murray, Glasgow, Length 185, breadth 30, Depth 11·2, Triple expansion Engines, Nominal H. P. 65, Speed 9-10 knots, Consumption 4½ to 5 tons. Offers will be received up to 7th May by

VISRAM EBRAHIM & Co.,
Samuel Street, Mandvie.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived. Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

હેપ્તુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦
&., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

ESTABLISHED IN A. D. 1888.

S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION SARSAPARILLA.

THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per phial, packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'S.

It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, &c., of long standing. Price Re. 1 per phial: packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'S.

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price; Re. 1-4 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
No. 85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottles. Thousands of Testimonials.

CLARKE'S

UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE,

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given. One quantity will last 3 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles (or for Dye, not Rs. 2), packing extra.

SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
SOLE AGENT,
85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

SPARKLING TABLE WATERS,

UNRIVALLED FOR PURITY & QUALITY.

Manufactured with the utmost attention to cleanliness.

Soda Water. Lemonade.
Seltzer Water. Ginger Ale.
Potash Water. Quinine Tonic.
Lithia Water (Simple) Ginger Beer.
Erated Water. Ginger Ale.
Raspberryade.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

CHEMISTS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR,
TO H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT,
AND TO H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PHILLIPS' PETROLEUM HAIR WASH

is unequalled as a Hair Dresser, preserver and producer; it causes the Hair to grow on bald spots by nourishing and vitalizing the capillaries. Its perfume is exquisite in fragrance, the petroleum being first refined and its odour overcome.

Price Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-12 per bottle.

PHILLIPS AND CO., LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

UNADULTERATED, PURE, AND WHOLESOME.

1. WINES, COGNAC AND SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.
2. No deleterious or Poisonous Compounds in our Godown.
3. PRICES TO SUIT ALL BUYERS OF DISCERNMENT.
4. Detailed list of Stock sent on application.
5. THE OLDEST HOUSE IN THE TRADE IN INDIA.
6. Established in London and Bordeaux in 1815.
7. TRADE DISCOUNTS TO TRADE BUYERS.
8. Exceptional terms to all Cash Buyers.
9. NO CO-OPERATIVE STORES QUOTE BETTER TERMS.
10. Send for Samples with a Money Order for their value.
11. HOUSES IN BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS AND LAHORE.

AGENCIES THROUGHOUT INDIA

WRITE FOR FULLER DETAILS IN EITHER PRESIDENCY TO

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

I have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENT in India for

MELACHRINO'S

CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES,

And I am now importing their FINEST BRANDS by EVERY Mail at the following rates :—

Per Tin Box of 100 Cigarettes.

NON PLUS ULTRA.	Rs. a.	FIRST QUALITY.	Rs. a.
No. 2 Medium Extra Fine	5 0	No. 7 Small, for Ladies	3 0
„ 1 Large „ „	5 12	„ 5 Medium	4 8
		„ 4 Large	4 12
		„ 6 Largest	5 8

D. MACROPOLO,

SOLE AGENT.
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

ITALIAN PHOTOGRAPHY.

(CAVALIER DEL TUFO),
FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

	Rs. as.		Rs. as.
6 Cartes D' Visite, Full	3 0	6 Cabinets, Full	6 0
12 „ „	5 0	12 „ „	9 0

For any other Size it is so Cheap that no Firm could give it at the same Price.

OUT-DOOR PHOTOS WILL ALSO BE TAKEN.

Ladies will be attended to by an Italian Lady Artist.

Studio Open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., excepting Sunday.

TERMS CASH.

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6 Photos, small, our Invention	1 4
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SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS.

SALISBURYS, GOLD MOHURS, SIESTAS,
BEACONFIELDS, IMPERIALS, MAYOS,
TORPEDOS, LITTLE RANDOLPHS, SUMATRAS,

NOTICE:—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 in.
Height, including stopper, 11 in.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

SPENCER & CO.,

HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

HANBURY'S IODISED SARSAPARILLA

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

CHRONOGRAPHS AND CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., of 43, Esplanade Road, Bombay, and at Poona, beg to inform their Constituents that the Prices of the below enumerated Chronograph Watches have been carefully revised and lowered, whilst the quality has been further improved. Being one of the Oldest Established Houses in India, with a reputation to back them, they are in a position to supply their Watches at the lowest cost, compatible with the best Workmanship and Finish.

Every Watch is guaranteed for 3 years, and is supplied in a case with Spare Glass and Mainspring.

	Rs.
Keyless Chronograph, with Minute Recorder, in Metal case	35
Do. do. in Silver case	48
Keyless double Crystal Lever Watch, with Chronograph at back	68
Keyless Lever Crystal Case Silver Watch, with Chronograph	90
The same Watch in Hunting Case	105
Keyless Lever Chronograph Silver Crystal Case Watch, with Minute Recorder	110
Keyless Lever Hunting Silver Watch, with Chronograph and Minute Recorder	125
The VERY BEST Keyless Lever Watch, with Chronograph and Minute Recorder, not varying one Minute per month	200

N. B.—This Watch can be had in Crystal, Hunting, or Half-Hunting Case.

Keyless Lever Crystal Case, 18ct. Gold Watch, with Chronograph	275
The same Watch, with Minute Recorder	290
Keyless Lever 18ct. Hunting Watch, with Chronograph	335
The same Watch with Minute Recorder	375

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co. keep an unrivalled Stock of all kinds of Chronograph Watches, combined with Repeating or Calendar Works, or all three complications together, and invite inspection at their Show-rooms.

MARCKS & Co., LD.,

43, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY; ALSO AT POONA.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE Co., LD.,

OFFICES:—ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

TELEPHONES.—The Company's Telephone instruments, being the Master Patents of Graham Bell, Edison and Gower, are unequalled in every particular. They are of the very best English-make, and are thoroughly reliable, and will give greater satisfaction, and be found more economical than the cheap instruments which are offered for sale elsewhere, and which for practical purposes are useless.

The Company are prepared to undertake the erection of Telephone lines and Telephonic installations for Native States, Corporations, Companies or private individuals. Estimates furnished on application.

ELECTRIC BELLS.—The Company have a large and varied Stock of the best English-made Electric Bells, Indicators, Pushes, etc., with every recent improvement. Installations for Clubs, Hotels, and Private Residences supplied, and erection undertaken, if required, on moderate terms.

The attention of residents in the Mofussil is directed to the advantage of introducing Electric Bells into their Bungalows for readier communication with servants, whose quarters are often at some distance from the Bungalows.

Instructions given for erection and maintenance.

The Company also supply LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS, MEDICAL INDUCTION COILS, ELECTRIC MOTORS, ELECTRIC FANS, BATTERIES and ELECTRICAL FITTINGS of all kinds.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES, POST FREE, ON APPLICATION.

PARKER'S COMPOUND DAMIANA ELIXIR.

Damiana has been largely employed by Physicians for many years past, and the Medical Journals have noted numerous cases in which it has proved itself to be a most useful non-irritating Sexual Tonic. In this preparation other Tonics are combined with the Damiana, which act on the nerves, muscles and brain, exalting the intellectual faculties.

Price Rs. 3 and Rs. 5 per Bottle.

SOLE AGENTS:—PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., BOMBAY AND POONA.

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GREAT REDUCTION IN POSTAGE.

FROM JANUARY 1st.

NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES supplied by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO. with the utmost regularity on a system perfected by SEVENTY YEARS' Experience.

The WRAPPERS in which they are despatched are SPECIALLY PREPARED for the purpose, of very TOUGH, DURABLE PAPER, and the ADDRESSES on Newspapers PRINTED, so as to Ensure their Safe Delivery.

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT allowed on all Subscriptions paid in Advance.

For Price Lists and further Information, apply to—

KING, KING & Co., BOMBAY; KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA;
OR
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

THE ONLY REMEDY for NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

Climatic Anæmia, Incapacity for Work and Mental and Physical Depression, is

LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS,

The Only Forms known to be a Safe and Certain Cure

ARE THE PILLS PREPARED BY THE ORIGINAL MAKERS,

H. & T. KIRBY & Co., LD.,

Which have been CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS with great success for the last TWENTY YEARS.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS. Pills which cost the dealer only one-fourth the Price of KIRBY'S, ARE CONSTANTLY PALMED OFF AS GENUINE. Buy in ORIGINAL BOTTLES ONLY, and see that each Bottle carries OUR TRADE MARK.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-60th gr. Phosphorus.

Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nerve tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescents stages, intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 6), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4, containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 5.

For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-60th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnine.

This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application. It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In the state of *nervous exhaustion* and *impotence* which is so frequently induced by Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and thereby stimulating the failing nerve power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 12), containing 1-40th gr. Phosphorus.

This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed only in cases in which it has proved itself to be a most useful non-irritating Sexual Tonic. In this preparation other Tonics are combined with the Damiana, which act on the nerves, muscles and brain, exalting the intellectual faculties.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 8), containing 1-60th gr. Phosphorus.

This pill produces no irritation of the genito-urinal mucous membrane, but operates as a tonic stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by pernicious habits or debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating astringent* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa*, and other affections of the Uterus. Formula No. 2 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable for *feeble, anæmic females*.

PHOSPHORUS AND DAMIANA PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 31), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

The Extract in this pill is made from the True Damiana Plant (*Turnera Aphrodisiaca*), and is a valuable aid to Phosphorus when required as a remedy for impotence.

The above may be obtained from our appointed Agents in Bottles, 3/-, 5/- and 10/- each (English money) the 10/- Bottle containing sufficient for a course of four weeks. Two 10/- Bottles may be obtained direct from our laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting us a Post Office order for 21/-.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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SENSATIONAL SUCCESS.
THE ALFRED DRAMATIC COMPANY
WILL PERFORM
TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY,
The Extremely Pathetic New Parsee Drama of
"BHOLEE GOOL," Pars "GOOLSH SHOOL,"
(i.e. the Simple-minded Gool or GOOL'S REWARD)
By Mr. RAHMANJIN N. KARRAJEE.
"BHOLEE GOOL"—The English Actress Lt. Parsee Garb.

GAIETY THEATRE.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 10TH,
UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
BRIG.-GENL. W. T. BUDGEN, D.S.O.,
PROF. NOTT BARNES
WILL GIVE A FAREWELL
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL
CONCERT,
KINDLY ASSISTED BY
MRS. GRIEVES
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Mrs. FLYNN, Messrs. HOUGHTON, STEPHENSON, PAUL and PHILLIPS.
Unique Programme, including the Songs: "Kathleen Mavourneen" and Toste's "Good Bye" by Mrs. Grieves; "Don't you try to kiss me" and "The Sailor's Rest" by Mrs. Flynn; and Banjo Solo, "Home, Sweet Home," with Variations, by Prof. Nott Barnes.
BANJO SONGS!! BANJO DUETS!!
Plan may be seen, and Seats secured, at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co's.
Stalls and Boxes, Rs. 3; Pit, Rs. 2: Admission, Re. 1.
Soldiers in Uniform Half Price to Second and Back Seats.
Doors open 8-30 p.m. Performance 9-15 p.m.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
2ND PERFORMANCE
BY THE XAVIERITES.
Encouraged by the great success achieved by them on Thursday last, the XAVIERITES will appear on
THURSDAY, 12TH MAY, 1892,
AT THE NOVELTY THEATRE,
With an entire change in the
TABLEAUX VIVANTS,
To be followed by a Side-splitting Pantomime
"THE QUACK DOCTOR."

THE ANCHOR LINE S. S. "ROUMANIA" has arrived from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and discharges in the VICTORIA DOCK.
Consignees are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.
Packages exceeding 2½ cwts. in weight will be landed on the Quay at the risk and expense of Consignees, unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.
Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all Claims for Damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline all responsibilities in respect of Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouses. All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.
Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey Damages.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 8th May, 1892.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having indebted to the estate of HORMUSJEE CURSETJEE DUBASH, late of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, who carried on business under the name and style of CURSETJEE and COULJEE, who died at Bombay, aforesaid, on the 29th day of January, 1892, and Letters of Administration of whose property and credit were on the 22nd day of April, 1892, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to COULJEE DUBASH, JAMSETJEE CURSETJEE DUBASH, and GOOLBAI, wife of DADABHOY HORMUSJEE DUBASH, are required to pay to the said administrators of the said estate all debts so due to the said estate on or before the 30th day of June, 1892, in default whereof proceedings will be taken to recover such sums from such debtors by the said administrators.—Dated this 4th day of May, 1892.
EDELJEE & GULABCHAND,
Estate's Solicitors.

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THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.
Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
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Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date with the total for the month, and the same period [illegible] 1878, respectively.
Sales, Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
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COUGH AND COLD?
USE ST. MARTIN'S
PULMONARY BALSAM.
Trial needs a trial to be given to this wonderful and never-failing specific for Pulmonary Cough, Cold, Asthma, and settled Consumption. Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and other chest affections. It is a powerful
VOICE TONIC,
clearing the Throat from Hoarseness, and strengthening the vocal organs. Purely vegetable, harmless and free from
INJURIOUS DRUGS.
Per Bottle, Ans. 8 and Re. 1-0.
PREPARED ONLY BY
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GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
WOODEN KEYS FOR PERMANENT WAY.
TENDERS are invited to the SUPPLY of 5 Lacs of MOULMEIN TEAKWOOD PERMANENT WAY CHAIR KEYS to be delivered at the Company's Stores Depots here.
Standard samples, with Templates or Gauge, can be seen, and specification with form of Tender obtained at the Stores Depot at Parel.
Tenders must be made on the Company's form, sealed and superscribed "Tender for Wooden Keys," and delivered at the agent's Office, Victoria Terminus, by 12 o'clock (noon) on Wednesday, the 25th instant, after which hour no tender will be received.
Each Tender must be accompanied by earnest by a deposit of Rs. 500, or the tender will not be received.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 5th May, 1892.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.
In the matter of NARONDAS MANULAL and RAMDAYAL MANDLAL, who formerly carried on business in Bombay under the name of NARONDAS GANGARAM SADA a Judged Insolvents.
WHEREAS the joint Petition of KESABDEV MULCHAND and HARILAL BALDEV DAS the Petitioning Creditors of the above-named Insolvents, verified by the declaration of the Petitioner, was filed in this Honourable Court on this day, and whereas the said Naronda Manulal and Ramdayal Manulal have been this day duly adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under the Provisions of Section Nine of the Act Eleven and Twelve, Victoria, Chapter Twenty-one, It is ordered that all the real and personal estate of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court. And it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do within thirty days from the date hereof file a Schedule in this Honourable Court in the form in Schedule C to the said Act annexed, containing a statement of their debts, estate and effects. Dated this Fourth day of May One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-two.
K. F. MODI,
for Clerk of the Court.
Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 5th day of May, 1892.

JUST UNPACKED,
COMFITS AND SWEETS.
Best English made, perfectly pure, possessing full flavour, Ans. 12 per lb.
CHERRY BLOSSOM LOZENGES.
Most delightful and delicately perfumed Lozenges ever produced, per lb. Rs. 2-8.
OH! HOW SWEET PEARLS!
Pleases everybody and supersede ordinary Cachous. Ans. 4 per Tin; or Rs. 2-8 per doz.
DIGESTIVE DINNER TABLETS.
Absolutely nurse... for curing Indigestion and giving tone to the Digestive organs, Ans. 8 only.
GIBSON'S VOCAL LOZENGES.
The famous "Top note Producers."
Inability and Weakness of the Vocal Organs are unknown to those who regularly use these valuable Lozenges; also may be used as an effectual remedy in all Chest affections, Cold, Cough, Sore Throat, &c. Per Bottle Re. 1.
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The most suitable Worm Expeller and Purgative ever made. Any Sensible... over
COMPOUND SULPHUR LOZENGES
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Made with a view of furnishing in one Si... a proper dose for an Adult, and equal... ngth to five ordinary Garrod's Sulphur Lozenges, and prepared with the Proportions prescribed by him; are... ssity adhered to. Per Bottle, Ans. 12.
FRUIT LAXATIVE LO... ZENGES.
A certain cure for obstinate Con... tipation, and an exceedingly palatable Aperient... Invaluable either for Adults or Children.
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Come and witness the mighty finishing and through out exciting one mile race of 3 STARTERS.
A General Skating from 8-30 to 11 P.M.
Admission Re. 1, with free use of Skates.
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30' by 7' by 110 lbs. working pressure. Also vertical boilers of 8, 10, and 12 H.P. Made at our works under inspection of Government Boiler Inspector, of extra quality, Siemens-Martin mild steel—welded flues; latest improvements in accordance with Manchester Steam Users' Association Specification.
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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
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Bankers and Agents in Edinburgh, Dublin, and at every important Station in India.
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Security offered to Depositors.....Rs. 15,00,776
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FIXED DEPOSITS. Monies received for 12, 9, and 6 Months at 5, 4½, and 4 per cent. per annum respectively.
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3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM is allowed on Provident Saving Fund Balances, and the same is compounded half-yearly.
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Receipts are made payable to "either or Survivor."
Every description of Loan is granted, upon approved Personal security, as well as upon Government Paper, Stocks, Shares, Lands, Buildings, Produce, Imposed Goods and Jewellery, etc.
A copy of General Rules of Business and Opening Credit forms will be forwarded on application to the Head Office or Branch.
By Order of the Board,
E. F. STRANACK,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Madras, 1st January, 1892.

KING, KING & Co.,
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Reserve Fund.....$ 63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000
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AND HEAD OFFICE
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[illegible] Acting Agent.
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January [illegible], 1892.

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BEG to submit a List of their Second-hand PIANOS, which are offered at the following REDUCED PRICES:—
All PIANOS are of full Compass, and guaranteed to withstand the Indian Climate.

Iron-framed Cottage Piano		Rs. 225
Do.	do. Piano	,, 290
Do.	do. Piano	,, 375
Square Piano	Ebonized	,, 375
Do.	Rosewood	,, 425
Do.	by Schiedmayer and Soehne	,, 525
Grand Piano by	Broadwood	,, 350
Do.	Ebonized	,, 450
Do.	by Schiedmayer and Soehne	,, 800

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HUNTLEY AND PALMERS,
BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS,
READING AND LONDON.

A LETTER FROM INDIA.
C/o SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE,
BOMBAY, 4th Feb., 1891.
MR. BURGESS, DEAR SIR,
I have much pleasure in sending you a voluntary testimonial from the East. I have been suffering for 7 years from a wound in the shin, through a bullet wound in the last Chilian war with Peru; also with Eczema in my left hand, caused by acid, called Sulphuric Acid, burning the nails and flesh clean to the bone.
I have tried every cure to no effect, until a friend of mine begged of me to try your Ointment and Pills; I was disheartened of trying; being a poor man, my means were exhausted, not being able to attend to my work proper for 6 years.
I tried 1 Box of Pills and 1 Box of Ointment, when to my surprise I found a wonderful alteration in my hand and leg. Not having means, I borrowed, and sent for more, and wonderful to relate, in 3 months I am as whole as the day I was born.
Dear Sir, I think it my duty to reveal this cure to the known world; I would not be doing my duty if I concealed the benefit I have received from your wonderful remedies. I am working at present for Messrs. Walsh, Love ett, Mitchell and Co., Contractors, Bombay, and will prove this statement to anyone doubting this testimonial.
Hoping you will shew this to the world's long sufferers,
I remain yours ever grateful, WM. PRETTYJOHNS,
Native of Dartmouth, Devonshire, England.
Ulcers, Abscesses, Cancers, Tumors, Polypuses, Piles, Bad Legs, Old and Poisoned Wounds, including dog, insect, and other bites, stings, and every form of Eruption and Skin Disease, Eczema, Psoriasis, &c., effectually cured by the LION OINTMENT & PILLS.
E. BURGESS, 117, High Holborn, and Kingsgate Street, W.C.

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BUY WATCHES OR JEWELLERY?
IF SO, send a postcard and we will forward, *gratis and post free*, our elaborately illustrated Catalogue containing
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We are well known in England, but as fraudulent advertisements are sometimes inserted, we shall be very pleased to send bankers' references and highest testimonials to residents in India who may desire to entrust the execution of large parcels to us.
We shall also be glad to hear from Traders desirous of doing business in Watches or Jewellery. Our prices are so different to those usually charged, that our goods always sell readily.
J. C. LANGDON, DAVIES & CO.,
Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers,
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AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS', BREWERS',
AND CONFECTIONERS' CHEMICALS
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MANUFACTURING CHEMIST AND ESSENTIAL OIL DISTILLER,
CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.
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KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL
THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.
Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.
SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.
SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.
"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of a scrofulous character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of Loss of Any Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, when it will sustain life when everything else fails."
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"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH ought to be in everyone's reach as a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."
DR. SINCLAIR COCHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.
"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."
DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."
"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specialite in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."
DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule Impressed on the top with DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.
WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.
Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.
SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Limited, 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

CADBURY'S COCOA
ABSOLUTELY PURE THEREFORE BEST
NO CHEMICALS USED.
"CADBURY'S COCOA has in a remarkable degree those natural elements of sustenance which are most grateful and suitable for Invalids and Dyspeptics."—*Medical Annual.*
TO ALL WHO DRINK COCOA.—Cadbury's Cocoa contains, in a concentrated form, the [illegible] and delicate principles of the finest Cocoa-nibs, with the excess of fibre and [illegible] removed. It is a most valuable food, and a most delicious beverage, with a steady and lasting influence, and always alike in quality.—*The Analyst.*
Health.
[illegible] Cocoa [illegible]

"BAHADUR" CIGARS!!
THE best that Money can buy, or Skill produce. [illegible] from Pole to Pole. Made in seven different S[illegible] to meet all Tastes and Requirements.
TRY. AND YOU WILL ALWAYS
"BAHADUR"
CIGARS.
SMOKE. AND YOU WILL ALWAYS ENJOY

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6	inches long, in boxes of		50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES	5	,,	,,	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	,,	,,	100
BAHADUR ,, 2	4	,,	,,	100
BAHADUR ,, 3	3½	,,	,,	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	,,	,,	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	,,	,,	200

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,
McDOWELL AND CO.,
MADRAS.
☞ *N. B.*—Our Factory adjoins our Office, and is, therefore, under our immediate Personal Supervision.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.
RINGNES & CO.'S
SCANDINAVIAN BEER,
Rs. 15 per Case of three dozen Quarts.
SOLE AGENTS,
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ROSS AND CAMERON'S NATURAL HIGHLAND WHISKIES shipped in three qualities. The produce under the old natural system of distillation of finest selected Home-grown Barley and distilled within the Highlands of Scotland. Highlanders resident abroad should note,
Prices:—"Lochgorm" Rs. 28. "H.B." (Highlander label) Rs. 31, "C. E." Rs. 34.
Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and large Buyers.
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MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1892.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.
THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1892, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.
While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.
THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY
Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

IN USE 100 YEARS.
THE
POOR MAN'S FRIEND.
DR. ROBERTS' OINTMENT.
SKIN DISEASES. THIS VALUABLE OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L. ROBERTS, M.D.) is confidently recommended as an unfailing remedy for Wounds of every description, Chilblains, Scorbutic Eruptions, Burns, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Eczema, &c.
DR. ROBERTS' ALTERATIVE PILLS.
FOR THE BLOOD AND SKIN.
SKIN DISEASES. They are useful in Scrofula, Scorbutic Complaints, Glandular Swellings, particularly those of the neck; they are very effectual in the cure of that form of skin disease which shows itself in painful cracks in the skin of the hands and in all scaly diseases.
They may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.
Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors, Bridport, England.

GRATEFUL! COMFORTING!!
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette.*
Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER,"
"KEATING'S POWDER"
KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
HARMLESS TO ANIMALS.
But is unrivalled in destroying FLEAS, BUGS, COCKROACHES, BEETLES, MOTHS in FURS and every other species of insect. Sportsmen will find this invaluable for destroying fleas in the dog, as also hidden for their pet dogs.
The PUBLIC are CAUTIONED that packages of the genuine powder bear the autograph of THOMAS KEATING, [illegible] Chemist, London.
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."
"KEATING'S WORM TABLETS."
VEGETABLE, SWEETMEAT, safe in all climates, for Children or Adults. Unrivalled in most agreeable and effectual cure of worms in the human body, for INFANTS, or GRAVID MOTHERS. A certain remedy for Worms, Pinworms, Thread Worms, &c. Sold in packets and tin canisters, and by Chemists, and always alike in quality. Observe Trade Mark. Guaranteed to Chemists. Sold in bottles, by all Druggists.
Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.
COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES (recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty). No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium, Morphia, nor any violent Drug. May be taken by the most Delicate. One or two at bed-time secures rest when troubled by the throat. Of all Chemists, in small Tins.
"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."
CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE
THE GREAT
BLOOD PURIFIER
AND RESTORER
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczemas, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
It cures Old Sores.
" " Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
" " Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cures the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.
Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and [illegible]ones.
As [illegible]ture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from any [illegible]ing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, [illegible]he Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology.
"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely, and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin affections, &c. On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes."—Letter from A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India. June, 1888.
West Cowes, Isle of Wight, September, 1888.
Dear Sirs,—Through the words of your excellent Clarke's Blood Mixture the large red pimples which covered my face are fast disappearing. For a long time I put up with the discomfort of these pimples thinking that nothing would do any good. At last I was persuaded to try your medicine, and now I have taken one bottle they are rapidly vanishing. It cannot be too highly recommended, and I am most grateful. I will tell all my friends about it, but they really do not require telling because they can see the difference for themselves. You may publish this if needful.—I am, gratefully yours,
"ISLA GERALDINE RIPON."
THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.
Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, Rs.— sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS AND PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, The LONDON AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, [illegible]. Trade Mark—"Blood Mixture."
CAUTION.
Purchasers of Clarke's [illegible] must see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

Test Them Free of Charge

To introduce Frazer's Sulphur Tablets into India the Proprietors will, until July 1st, 1892, send a sample 1s. 1½d. packet, gratis and post free to every applicant. Send name and address, clearly written and name *Bombay Gazette*, and the packet will be sent per return mail.
Frazer's Sulphur Tablets are the pleasantest and most efficacious of all medicines for a warm climate. They are a Blood Germicide, and therefore destroy fever and cholera germs in the blood, and by rendering the blood pure and aseptic, or disease resisting, they fortify the system against the inroads of malarial and infectious diseases. They are invaluable in the treatment of prickly heat, rashes, and eruptions of all kinds, as they act specifically both on the blood and skin from within.
The use of Frazer's Sulphur Tablets is especially indicated for children, as they are corrective of children's ailments and also fend them against contagious disorders. They are, moreover, much liked by children, being pleasant to the taste and agreeable to the eye, and yet withal of proved efficacy.
In addition to their valued medicinal and preventive properties, ladies will find Frazer's Sulphur Tablets of unequalled service in improving the skin and complexion. Those who desire a clear, healthy complexion, free from blemish, are particularly recommended to use Frazer's Sulphur Tablets internally and Frazer's Sulphur Soap externally.
Frazer's Sulphur Soap, either scented or unscented, is to be preferred to all soaps for the skin, because it is the purest and absolutely the best. It neither contains an excess of alkali nor fat. It is superfatted, i.e., contains extra cream, especially soothing to the skin; but this gracious emollient is mixed in with the soap during the process of saponification, and is not merely present as a greasy unguent, as in most so-called superfatted soaps. Frazer's Sulphur Soap neither dries nor shrivels the skin, hair, nor nails, but softens and improves them all.
Of Frazer's Sulphur Tablets for internal use, about 600,000 packets were sold in 1891, and it must be patent to every reader that merit, and merit only, could stand such a severe test as our system of free packets until freely stocked by dealers.
One dozen 1s. 1½d. packets of

OMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

ames.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
f BANKS.					
of Bom-	20,000	500	500	Rs. 25	1,015
of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,000xd
of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	890
BANKS					
ANKS.					
	100,000	250	all	5 pr. ct.	122½
ter Bank	40,000	250		7 pr. ct.	228
. Mercan-					
	30,000	625	625	5 pr. ct.	300
ngkong and					
hanghai					
anking Cor-					
poration	50,000	500	all	15 pr. ct.	453—
ional Bank					
India	37,320	250		6 pr. ct.	183
e Oriental					
ank	50,000	500			110
ver Share	—	—			6

	PRESS	COMP			
ar	200	1,250		75	1,100x
ers Gliming	100	500		18 pr.ct.	450
	200	1,100	1,100	90	270
ello	750	2,400	2,300	Nil.	235
ary	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	375
ayCotton	1,000	125	125	10	122½
n's Cawn-					
ore PressCo	500	200	200	16	110
ch City	600	200	all		217½
ses Co.,Ld.	500	1,880	1,880	45 dvd	30
India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,425
n P. ss					
Manfg.	400	250		Rs. 20	175
	915	2,500	2,500	100	850
hoon	200	500	all	50	535
rvey and					
Shapathy	450	500	500	50	450x1
ingji's Press					
Co, Ld	750	400	all	32½	137
nangaum	240	450	450	63	420
ahmadpura					
CottonCo. and	300	500	500	pr. ct.	501
amille	1,000	125	Rs. 10		95
mell Co	3,120	400	400	Rs. 40	440
unmar M	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	215
w Borar	1,250	500	500	55	600
n Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	112½
pince of					
Wales	60	500	500	20	365
Land &					
	4,000	700	700	Rs. 30	650
ngsal	300	500	500	25	500
nd and Pun-					
ab Co	100	1,000	1,000	135	1,150
nd	600	5,000	750	35	445
rab Land					
Mills	1,200	250	250	75	210
rat CO					
ress Co.,Ld.	375	200	all		230
ikart	—	1,000	100	Rs. 100	915

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
ecock Ash-	1,000	200	200	10	255
town	750	50	50	15	195
ockley Baths	500	50	50	12	40
dham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	105
epty Brothers	6,625	200	200	18	42
ear Oil Mills					
Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100no n
ombay Fire					
Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,015
ombay & Bur-					
ma Trading					
Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	3,900
o. New Issue	500	375	625	67½	975
mbay Ice					
Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2½	91
ombay Flour					
and Building					
Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	630
ombay Flour					
Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	850
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	15
Deccan Paper					
Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	385
Delhi and Nor-					
thern India					
Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	122½
Geyer&Co., Ld.	500	100	70	,	70 nom
ding Gurzan-					
e Straity					
ship Assn	5,000	100	100	10 pr.ct.	18
n Roberts					
Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	106
mp & Co	4,000	200	175	(20)	318
rrack-hee					
anding	500	500	300	30	120
harance Ice					
Manufactur-					
ing Co.	3,500				31
rks & Co.,					
d.	2,000			10	103
pierHdal Co	2,000			pr.	6½xd
pierFoundry	1,000		200		60
ental Govt.					
ecurity Life					
Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	175
ntar Loan	2,000	20	20	8 pr.ct.	15
Lalpa & Co.,					
Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr.ct.	83
Port Canning					
Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	462½
Princess of					
Wales Feriy	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour					
Mills	2,500	100	100		20
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and					
Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr.ct.	57
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	85	1,100
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	102
Telephone Co...	2,200	25	25	Rs. 1	19

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

ndiaed	8.0	1,000	1,000	90	1,420
anco	1,250	100	all	Rs. 20	450xd
gio-Indian	9,375	100	100	5	78
lary S & W					
Co., Ld. (Bel-					
garo	871	500	all	9 per.ct.	503
mbay Uniti-					
fang. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	25	635
mbay Cotton					
Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	365
mbay Na-					
tional Manfg.					
Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	—	440 nom
anania Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	440
ngal India	6,000	500	500	40	1050
na Mills Co.					
d.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	500
d of Bombay					
ills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,025xd
naught					
	600	500	500	10 pr.ct.	693
Land &					
	4,000	700	700	Rs. 30	650
ngsal	300	500	500	25	410xd
Mills Co.,					
	5,688	100	100	50	430
	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	445
Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	860
	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	535
ot	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	1,000
Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	125
an	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	710
ngsal	700	500	500	40	660
and					
ffe	1,500	500	500	25	625
ed	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	910
Cotton	900	500	500		395
ish Land	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	1,000
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	650
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	34½
Jamshed Man-					
jee Mills	1,800	250	250	12½	210
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	750xd
Jubilee Mills					
Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	500 xd
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	675
Khangum					
Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	840
Khatao Ma-					
kanjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500
Koopoo	3,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	185
Laxmi Rose Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	705
Lyallpur Spin-					
ning & Weav-					
ing Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1020
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2175
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	400
Mahboob Shah					
Mills (Gulbur-					
burga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr.ct.	500nom
Manockjee					
Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 70	1510
Mazgon	5,000	250	250	6	112½
Meer Gooul-					
	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,722
Mir					
	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	10
	7,779	100	100	Nil.	pa
	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	16½
	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	680
	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	420
	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1200xd
	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	635xd
	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1180
	1,600	1,000	1,000		1,451
Mills	500	1,000	1,000	6	1165
	750	1,000	1,000	35	695
India	1,000	500	500	N.	100non
Mah-					
	1,212	250	250	12½	285
Co., Ld.	1,200	250	250		215
	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	335
Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs.125	490
anufac-					
Co	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	630
Mills	350	1,000	1,000	25	300
India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	700xd
Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	—	700
Mills, Ld	900	1,500	1,000	,	650

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

per cent	103 1-16
-half per cent	104½
3 per cent. Debenture Loans	114-8
French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	nom.
of Paris bean	nom.
Trust Bonds	104

PRICES OF BULLION.

overeigns	Rs.	15-14
ecolas	,,	225
exican Dollars	,,	222-8
ew Franc Pieces Gold	,,	208-8
ar Silver	,,	106-10
ld Leaf	,,	24-8
r Gold, English	,,	25-2-6
Australian	,,	24-13
Bombay	,,	24-13
Pekin	,,	24-8

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate.
	demd	1s. 3 7-32d.
	c	1s. 3 3-16d.
	ight	1s. 3¼d.
	do	1s. 3 9-32d.
	do	1s. 3 11-32d.
	do	1s. 3¼d.
		3 7-16d.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Departure of H. H. the Gaekwar for Europe.
Madras United Spinning and Weaving Company, 4 p. m.
Khandesh Spinning and Weaving Company, 4-30 p. m.
Club Cup Race, Back Bay Baths.
Music on the Esplanade, 6 p.m.
English Lecture, on Prose Fiction, its Province, Origin, and History, Shivaji High School (Girgaum), 6 p.m.
Skating Rink, 8-30 to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday.—Byculla (s), from Rangoon; Roumania (s), Glasgow; Laughton (s), Barry; and Mauritoba (s), Cochin.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday.—Nawab (s), for Calcutta, &c.; Venetia (s), China, &c.; Lady Armstrong (s), Hull; Imaum (s), Liverpool; Goalpara (s), Calcutta; and R. I. M. S. Dalhousie, Rangoon.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Melbridge entered the dock yesterday, and the s. s. City of Edinburgh, and Clan Macneil left it on Thursday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Roumania, Ethelwalda, and Laughton entered the dock yesterday, and the s.s. Hajeen and Hispania left it on Thursday.

THEOSOPHICAL LECTURE.—A discourse on the Key to Theosophy will be delivered to-morrow evening, at 6 o'clock, at the hall of the Theosophical Society, Church Gate Street.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, per extra s.s. Melpomene, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 4 p.m., on Saturday, the 7th instant.

MOUNT MARY'S CHURCH, BANDORA.—On Sunday the Roman Catholic employés of the *Bombay Gazette* will celebrate their annual thanksgiving mass in this Church. Divine service will commence at 10 o'clock precisely.

THE HINDU BURNING GROUND.—Mr. Shantaram Juggannath Sunjgiri, head book-keeper at Sir Jamsetjee's office, has been appointed one of the members of the Hindu Burning Ground Committee, in place of the late Mr. Rughunath Narayen Khote.

ARYAN SOCIAL UNION.—At the regular weekly meeting of the Union, to be held to-night, at 8-30, at the People's Free Reading Room and Library, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Mr. Purshotamdas Bhagwandas Bhawasalee will give a lecture on "Morality."

ST. JOSEPH'S BAND, BANDORA.—On Sunday the members of the St. Joseph's Band will celebrate their patron feast in the St. Peter's Church. High Mass will commence at 8 a.m. Ferdinand Lucon's Mass will be sung to the accompaniment of the above Band.

THE ANJUMAN-E-ELMIYE-E-FARSI.—The weekly meeting for improving conversational powers in Persian will be held, this evening, in the hall of the New High School, when Munshi Mirza Hassan will be present. Members may attend any time between the hours of 5 to 7.

DISAPPEARANCE OF A GIRL.—Succaram Gungaram, living at Falkland Road, has reported to the police that his sister, about ten years of age, went out to play, on Thursday last, and has not since returned. At the time she left home, she was wearing two gold ornaments.

REPORTED THEFTS.—Pandu Jeewaji, living at Girgaum, has reported to the police the theft of gold and silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 189, from an open box, in his room.—Megjee Dhuramsey, a milkman, living in Frere Road, has also reported to the police the theft of gold ornaments, valued at Rs. 187.

MUSIC ON THE ESPLANADE.—The Band of the B. V. Rifles will perform the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, at 6 this evening:—

Quadrille	"Arcadia"	Coote
Melodies by Rubinstein		Aged by C. Briggs
Waltz	"Sweet Adoree"	Retford
Selection	"Tannhauser"	Wagner
Polka	"The Bugle Call"	Ostlere
Galop	"Poltergeister"	Faust

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

SAD SUICIDE OF A HINDU.—An inquest was held, yesterday, by Dr. Blaney, the Coroner, touching the death of Bala Koosbaba, a basket cooly, aged 35 years, living at Khetwadi. For the past several weeks deceased had been suffering from some illness. On Thursday, he went to the left of his house and committed suicide by hanging himself with a rope, tied to a rafter. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

THEFT AT SEWRI.—At the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday, Govind Luxmon was charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with having, on Tuesday last, stolen Rs. 12 in cash from the shop of a native confectioner, named Sittaram Ganesh, residing at Gowli. On Tuesday last, the accused and one of his companions went to the complainant's shop, and they found that the shop was in charge of a boy, who was sitting on the verandah. The complainant's boy engaged the boy in conversation, whilst the accused taking the opportunity stole Rs. 12 in cash-box and ran away. The accused was subsequently arrested by the police in consequence of information given by his friend. The Magistrate committed the accused to three months' rigorous imprisonment with labour.

A SEQUEL TO THE RECENT FIRE-WORKS.—At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Webb, Inspector Cobb charged Nanabhai Ananta with theft of currency notes for Rs. 1,020, the property of Shapoorji Sorabjee, a tradesman, and Tookaram Dhondoo with dishonestly concealing and aiding in the concealment of stolen property. Mr. De Sonza appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Balcrishna Kirtikar represented the accused. The complainant had gone to the Esplanade to see the fire-works let off on the Kennedy Sea Face, on the night of the 1st April, in connection with the opening of the Tansa Water-Works. With a purse containing the notes in his coat-pocket, he was standing near the Church Gate Station when the pyrotechnic display commenced, but discovered his loss some time after without knowing the exact circumstances, under which it occurred. The loss was reported to Inspector Cobb who on suspicion arrested the first accused at Barbhaya Moholla, with the stolen purse in his pocket. The second accused, uncle of the first, was next arrested at the village of Verar, whither he had proceeded with some of the stolen property. Three currency notes for Rs. 100 each were recovered from him, while Rs. 581 were recovered from different persons in Bombay. The Magistrate discharged the second prisoner, and sentenced the first to rigorous imprisonment for six months.

THE DADAR CASE.—We are able to give to-day a piece of intelligence which, we are sure, will be gratifying to our readers. The Dadar case has had a satisfactory termination by the submission of Messrs. J. M. de Monte and D. C. Nunes, the two complainants, who dragged the Bishop of Damaun into the Police Court for alleged defamation of character. His Lordship, to whom the case had naturally been one of the hardest crosses of his episcopate, had the satisfaction, before his departure, of receiving the submission of these his erring children and absolving them from the ecclesiastical censure under which they lay and receiving them back into the fold. The touching ceremony took place with all publicity in the parish church of the delinquents at Dadar, on Saturday evening, when his Lordship went there by appointment to bid farewell to that parish and to the deputations from several parishes of Salsette and Bassein, who had come there for the purpose. The Bishop was accorded a brilliant and enthusiastic reception, the effect of which was all the more impressive by reason of the reconciliation of the malcontents of the parish to their Prelate. His Lordship had accordingly the satisfaction of leaving India at peace with the entire diocese. We must congratulate his Lordship on this satisfactory termination of an unpleasant affair, and we must congratulate also Messrs. De Monte and Nunes for their good sense in at last recognising the only course open to them, and for their courage in publicly making their submission to their legitimate pastor whom their past conduct had so deeply offended. It is to be hoped that we have now heard the last of the Dadar case and that peace will reign henceforth in the much distracted parish of Salvacao.—*Anglo-Lusitano.*

THE XAVIERITES AT THE NOVELTY.

ON Thursday night, the students of St. Xavier's College gave a series of *tableaux vivants* from Shakespeare's "Hamlet," "Othello," and "Romeo and Juliet," and a representation of the amusing comedy, entitled "One Coat Between Two Friends," at the Novelty Theatre, in aid of the fund for the provision of Parsee Poor Homes. The programme was long and attractive and each and every item was carried out in a very admirable manner. What with the promoting of the laudable object, and the purpose of encouraging the deserving youths of the St. Xavier's College, there was a large audience present to witness and hear the performance which was an unqualified success. The representation of the *Navar* ceremony, performed when a Parsee priest's son is admitted into priesthood, taken from photos kindly lent by Mr. Bhedwar was of a novel and interesting description. The picture of a Parsee family of fifty years ago was remarkably portrayed, and the efforts of the youths were greatly appreciated. The scene from Lala Rookh and statue scenes were also represented very nicely. At intervals Mr. Charles Rodrigues delighted the audience by singing some songs to the accompaniment of a piano kindly lent by Mr. Soundy and played upon by Miss B. Rodrigues. Mr. Rodrigues and Miss B. Rodrigues were loudly applauded for their efforts. Mr. R. D. Romer sustained his part of the Parsee Priest exceedingly well. The comedy of "One Coat Between Two Friends" brought the evening's amusement to a successful close. Those who were connected with getting up the performance deserved the thanks of every body.

PEERS in the colonies have chances of showing that they can do in the matter of hard labour they seldom get in England. How Lord ington shunted trucks, and helped to build nbankment around the town of Bourke when threatened with annihilation by the floods erhaps, the most stirring episode in the al career of the now popular London Councillor. And now we hear of Lord Governor of South Australia, working an all one Saturday night to extinguish re that came unpleasantly near his coun- nce in the hills.

—CHARM is just the thing for ladies of and ages. It produces soft youthful effects nish on the skin, complexion, and hands. Sunburns, Freckles, Pimples, Coarseness, nishes. Makes the skin smooth, soft, and h the tint and fragrance of the lily and 1-4.—POPULAR REMEDIES, MADON O., FORT.

THE LATE LORD LYTTON AND HIS STEWARD.

AT the Herford Assizes, the case of "Gray *vs.* Stewart," one of a novel and remarkable character, was tried before Mr. Justice Mathew and a special jury. It was an action by Mr. Matthew Gray, lately steward of Lord Lytton, at Knebworth, against Mr. Charles Poyntz Stewart, for an alleged libellous statement which had been sent to the late Lord Lytton, and which the plaintiff alleged had resulted in his dismissal. The matter had arisen out of a dispute between curlers and skaters on the lake in Knebworth-park. On January 19, 1891, the house at Knebworth was let to Mr. and Mrs. Osgood, who gave leave to ladies and gentlemen to frequent the park. There is a lake in the park, which, when frozen over, is fit for skating and curling. In the winter of 1891 came a hard frost and there was skating there, and Mr. and Mrs. Poyntz Stewart, with Mr. Hughes and other ladies and gentlemen, invited by Mr. and Mrs. Osgood, were there skating. There was also a curling party, among whom was Mr. Gray. Some dispute arose between the skaters and Mr. Gray as to the relative rights of the curling and the skating parties, and it was alleged that he used very insolent language, even in reference to some ladies. Lord Lytton, hearing of it, wrote to Mr. Gray for an explanation, and also to the chief constable of the county, who applied to Mr. Poyntz Stewart for his account of the incident. Mr. Stewart and Mr. Hughes wrote to Lord Lytton about the matter. Mr. Gray also sent a letter of explanation, and a gentleman, named Phelps, wrote a letter about it. In the result, Lord Lytton dismissed Mr. Gray, who then brought this action against Mr. Poyntz Stewart for his statements to Lord Lytton. The plaintiff was called and gave his version of what had occurred. He had, he said, been about ten years in Lord Lytton's service, and was receiving £500 a year. He is, he said, a scotchman, and some Scotch tenants on the estate brought with them their national game of "curling," which required a certain space to play. The lake was three acres and a-half in extent. On the occasion in question the "curlers" who had had leave to play were already there when the skaters arrived. A part of the lake was the "curling rink," and that was the place in dispute. The "curlers" went elsewhere in consequence of the skating but they found it too rough, and went back, he said, to their own proper place, and were sweeping the ice, when Mr. Hughes, a gentleman farmer of the neighbourhood, came up and said: "Do you know you are only allowed to cur by keeping in with the skaters?" Witness said: "I am not aware of that. By two letters from Mrs. Osgood the curlers have as much right to come as others." Is was upon that that the altercation arose. Witness finally went through the principal statements of the defendant *seriatim* and denied their truth. He never sneered at any of the ladies; he insulted no one.

Lord Lytton's letter to him was read. "I think it right to send you the evidence on which my decision is formed. Your own letter, to which I have naturally attached great importance, heads the list. The two letters which have most weighed with me—with your own statement—are those of Mr. Phelps to Mr. Osgood and of Mr. Osgood to myself. Careful perusal of your own statement and comparison of it with the other papers have compelled me reluctantly and regretfully to the conclusion that your conduct was most improper and altogether unwarrantable; that it was most grossly unbecoming on the part of my resident agent to the household and the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Osgood; that it exhibited a serious misconception of your own position and theirs; that it was inconsistent with your duty to myself, that there was no adequate provocation or excuse for it; and that for all these reasons it is not in my power to pass it over. Neither you nor the farmers had any more right to be upon the lake at Knebworth than the neighbouring gentry, to whom on your own showing you held very insolent and unbecoming language, accompanied by threats which you had no authority to make and no power to enforce. All of you alike were there solely by the permission of Mr. and Mrs. Osgood, without which none of you had any business to be there at all. The persons whom you insulted were not only your fellow-guests, they were also your social superiors, and the visitors and acquaintances of your employers." Lord Lytton went on to refer to previous instances of incivility of the plaintiff to friends and neighbours of his.) In a further letter Lord Lytton wrote that his decision had been forced upon him, and was not inflenced by the statements of Mr. Poyntz Stewart or Mr. Hughes, but principally by his (Mr. Gray's) own letter, by the letter of Mr. Phelps to Mr. Osgood, and "Lastly, and above all, your obvious inability to appreciate the extremely painful nature of the position in which I am placed by your conduct." Witness were called to show that, on provocation, the plaintiff had called one gentleman a liar, but had not spoken disrespectfully of any of the ladies. The learned Judge having summed up, the jury retired to consider their verdict. In half an hour they came back into court to consult the learned Judge, who said he understood they desired to know whether an exaggerated statement ought to consist in judge. If was so, he said, if made in good faith. The jury, after a few moments' consultation, said they found for the defendant.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE S S Imaum, 2,705 tons, Captain R Poland, sailed yesterday for Genoa and Liverpool, with a general cargo.

THE S S Wileysike, 1,881 tons, Captain John Peacock, will sail to-day for Hamburg, with a general cargo.

THE Royal Indian Marine steamer Dalhousie, under the command of Captain C. W. R. Hooper, sailed yesterday for Rangoon.

THE B I S N Co's s s Byculla 1,072 tons, Captain J T Lewis, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon (24th April), with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's s s Goalpara, 1,354 tons, Captain C R Kendall, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and 33 deck passengers.

THE S S Manitoba, 1,380 tons, Captain W J Eawright, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cochin, in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs James Macintosh and Co.

THE S S Langton, 1,591 tons, Captain H Bower, arrived in harbour yesterday from Barry (1st April), in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Finlay Muir and Co.

THE B I S N Co's s s Kapurthala, 671 tons, Captain J W Livingstone, will sail to-day for Karachi via Kathiawar coast, with a general cargo, Mr C Lukhimdass as a cabin and 75 deck passengers.

THE S S Daventry, 1,578 tons, Captain F Severright, arrived in harbour on the 5th instant from Batoum (12th April), with a cargo of 88,000 cases kerosine oil. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Volkart Brothers.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's s s Henry Bolckow, 639 tons, Captain F Hardcastle, arrived in harbour on the 5th instant from the Persian Gulf, with a general cargo, 12 cases opium, Mr Edward as cabin and 66 deck passengers.

THE S S Lady Armstrong, 2,041 tons, Captain William Abbott, sailed yesterday for Hull, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs Hammond and two children, Lt Biddulph, Mr Jamieson, Mrs Hay and child, Mrs Paton and child, Miss Cobbe and Mr Healey.

THE Anchor Line s s Roumania, 2,207 tons, Captain W Young, arrived in harbour yesterday from Glasgow and Liverpool, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Captain Brook, Miss Brook, Mr Walls, Mr and Mrs Botton, Mr Magnice Mr Powell, Mrs Dobbs, Mr Turvet, Mr Walls, Miss Baptiste and one deck. The vessel is consigned to Messrs W and A Graham and Co.

EXTRA STEAMER TO CHINA.

THE P. and O. Co's s s Venetia, 1,550 tons, Captain T. F Creery, sailed yesterday for China, with a general cargo and one deck passenger.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—MAY 6.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. C. Macleod	1573	Warfalk	A	F Muir & Co
,, Adowa	1347	Paton	C	M Mackenzie & Co
,, S. Burkhad	157	Williams	D	F Muir & Co
,, La Sapine	2705	Hand	E	E Hatos & Co,
,, Eastry	1921	Wattley	7	W & A Graham & Co
,, Melpomene	1848	Mitis	8	J Janni
,, Lady Armstrong	2041	Abbott		T Morrison & Co
,, Damascus	2326	Douglas	10	F Muir & Co
,, Laughton	1591	Bower	12	F Muir & Co
,, Teutonia	2100	DeJong	13	W & A Graham &Co
,, Ethelaida	1705	Kirby	15	W & A Graham & Co
,, Acanthus	1877	Solomon	17	Along side
,, Bisagno	1456	Baccarani	17	F Bozzoni

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

H. M. S. Sphinx	370 tons	Government.
I. M. S. Lawrence	300	do.

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
5	Byculla (s)	Lewis	Rangoon, April 24.
	Roumania (s)	Young	Glasgow, April 5.
	Langton (s)	Bower	Barry, April 1.
	Manitoba (s)	Ewwright	Cochin, May 4.

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
6	Nawab (s)	Carson	Calcutta, &c.
	Venetia (s)	Creery	China, &c.
	Lady Armstrong(s)	Abott	Hull.
	Imaum (s)	Poland	Liverpool.
	Goalpara (s)	Kendall	Calcutta.
	R. I. M. S. Dal- housie	Hooper	Rangoon.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Kapurthala, Livingstone, for K. Coast and Karachi.
,, Wileysike, Peacock, for Hamburg.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Ethelaida, for Amsterdam.
,, Lanark, for Hamburg, Havre and Liverpool.
,, Langton, for Hamburg.
,, Roumania, for Marseilles and Liverpool.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

May.
2 Wormington Hall s. Long..... Barry, March 17.
,, Gulf of Venice s. Lamb Water.... Madras, April 28.
,, Alice A. Leighsp. Bolyca..... New York, Dec. 18.

DEPARTURES.

May 2.—Steamer Warora and ship Vandalia.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 6.

FOR LONDON.

Damascus s—21 bales skins, Boyis Craig and Co; 28 bales skins and hides, Peerbhoy Damjee; 35 bales browmoot, G H B Sassoon and Co; 32 bales hides and skins, D H Hassum; 1 case indigo, W and A Graham and Co; 600 cwts myrabollams, S Ramjee; 179 cwts mother-of-pearl shells, P Thukesy; 3 bagsloads chutney, A Salmon and Co.

Rome s—500 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co; 3 cwts ivory, C Ebram and Co; 25 cwts olibanum, J M Remtoola; 6 boxes silver coins (Rs 54,700), B Cursetjee; 6 boxes bargeed (Rs 60,1000), Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Co; 1 box bar-geed (75,000), Mercantile Bank; 25 tons oilcake, Thos H Moore and Co; 2 boxes gold-bars (Rs 234,296.) The Comptoir National D Escompte deParis.

FOR HULL.

Lady Armstrong s—2,000 cwts wheat, JohnFlachiri.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Ethelaida s—65 or 86 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HAMBURG.

Melbridge s—229 bales cotton, Durst Hosli and Co; 4,000 cwts linseed and 2,000 cwts rapeseed, Hugo Schwer and Co; 110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 110 bales cotton, A S Mondellar and Co; 630 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 2,001 cwts rapcssed, The Bombay Co; 2,018 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Brothers; 1,630 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 330 cwts rapseed, Beyts Craig and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Teutonia s—2,004 cwts linseed, Finlay Muir and Co; 3,000 cwts linseed and 1,001 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Brothers; 2,000 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 6,000 cwts linsced, Killick Nixon and Co; 500 bales cotton, Prior de Saone and Co.

Ethelaida s—72 cwts rapeseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Egremont Castle s—10,000 cwts wheat, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,001 cwts linseed, W and A Graham and Co; 275 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

Kt Templar s—1,000 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 10,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co; 6,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co; 10,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Eastry s—5,208 cwts linseed and 774 cwts rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 500 cwts horns, R Kaderbhoy; 1,025 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 900 bales cotton. Ralli Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Glantivy s—165 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 400 cwts myrabollans, Volkart Brothers; 110 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co.

Acanthus s—2,395 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Acanthus s—1,500 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 130 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co.

Glantivy s—200 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bisagno s—600 cwts sandal-wood and 412 cwts sharkfins and fishmaws, Currimbhoy Ebram and Co; 37 cwts khismiss and 28 cwts angoor, P F Talati.

Melpomene s—75 bales twist, Tata and Co; 155 bales cotton, Silas E Sassoon; 50 bales twist, C Bomonjee and Co; 50 bales twist, The Khatav M S and W Co.

Venetia s—14 cwts genda horns, 64 cwts solum and 12½ cwts moye and elephant teeth, M M Ebsabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Venetia s—125 bales twist, Framjee Sands and Co; 10 bales piece-goods, Finlay Muir and Co; 123 cwts sandalwood, Sorabjee N Talati and Co; 25 b

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 2 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 3. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

ELECTRO-PLATED CRUET FRAMES.—Best Triple Silver Plate, Cut Glass Bottles, Rs.15, 20, 25 and 30.—Egg Frames, with Spoons, Rs. 30, 35, 45 and 60. Ice Pails with Servers, Rs. 18, and all other articles of plate for Table and Ornamental use at similar low prices.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

IMPORTANT TO ICE FACTORIES.—A first-class ENGINEER having long experience in the Ice Manufacturing line is prepared to undertake on very moderate terms SUPERVISION, the REPAIRS and ERECTIONS of Ice Machines. Apply to FRAMJEE COWASJEE ENGINEER, 58, Gunbow Street, Fort, Bombay.

18, Nothingham Place, York Gate, Regents' Park, N. W.—Visitors to London will find elegant accommodation, with First Class Board, at the above address. The house is situated in a most central position, being only two minutes' walk from Baker Street Station and within easy access to all Theatres. Highly recommended. For Terms, &c., apply to Miss FURRELL, 18, Nottingham Place.

DAHLIAS, GLOXINIAS, and DOUBLE BEGONIAS.—Just imported, THOMAS BROMLEY, Sungum, Poona, or Victoria Road, Mazagon, Bombay.

PEARSE'S OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.—A perfect Blending of the Choicest Brands of the Highest Classes of the old Whiskies. Per Bot. Re. 1-12 and Rs. 2-4.—PEARSE & Co., Bombay.

FOR SALE.—NAGUR'S Patent World Renowned Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES, CHESTS, Patent Key Detective Locks, Cash Boxes, Paper Boxes, &c., &c. Safes by all English and Foreign makers. Repairs carefully executed.—NAGUR and Co., 62, Apollo Street, Bombay.

WANTED, a LOCO.-FOREMAN or MECHANICAL ENGINEER, competent to put up and work Engine and Boiler of any power.—Apply with testimonials, stating terms, &c., to the PROPRIETOR, Upper India Steam Flour Mills, Ambalia.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.—WANTED, ONE or TWO PARTNERS, each with Rs. 20,000 (thirtyfive thousand) Capital for a going concern in a Mill. Thoroughly satisfactory references. Apply to "No. 53," care of this Paper.

WANTED, a Second-hand LANCASHIRE STEEL BOILER, 28' to 30' by 7' dia, 100 lbs. pressure, in working condition. Apply to "No. 99," care of this Paper.

WANTED, a HEAD SALESMAN who knows Manchester Business thoroughly; good prospects for a man with influence in the Bazar. Apply to No. "333," care of this Paper.

WANTED, a Second-hand VICTORIA, in good order. Apply to "E," care of this Paper.

LOST.—About Chowpatty, White FOX TERRIER SLUT, wearing leather collar, engraved W. B. SMITH, Bank of Bengal. Finder will be rewarded at Bank.

LANDAU and HORSE FOR SALE, Rs. 475. A Bargain. Owner gone Home.—Apply to "F. S," care of this Paper.

ANGLO-GERMAN CONCERTINAS, Organ-toned, with 20 keys, in Mahogany box. Rs. 30, Rs.35, and Rs. 50.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

ROLLED IRON and STEEL BEAMS for Buildings, Bridges, &c., various sections and lengths in stock. Apply GEO. SERVICE & Co., 18, Elphinstone Circle.

AT BENNETT'S Auction to-day, at 1 p.m., one Light Serviceable Palanquin Office Shigram in good order.

AUCTION SALE of Mr. L. G. Inzoli's valuable furniture, Soundy's Piano, Victoria, &c., at Middle Colaba, near Post Office, TO-DAY, at 1 p.m.

TO BE LET.—A BUNGALOW, at Bandora [illegible] DIN[illegible]ort.

[illegible]ISH-[illegible]3 and 4 [illegible]servants, Lt.-Col[illegible]sex, or

[illegible] large [illegible]ABLE, [illegible] Rent

[illegible]prices. [illegible]JOHN

[illegible]NEAT [illegible] Trunk, Single Hunting [illegible]HERS,

[illegible]st and Best ac[illegible]walking [illegible]uildings

[illegible]AY.— [illegible]my wife [illegible]roprietor [illegible] one feel [illegible]. HAR-

[illegible]NGWEE HOTEL.—Situated on best [illegible]site, near Post Office. Only 5 minutes' walk from Station. Rooms, Board, and Lodging excellent; under European Management. For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, S. BOMANJI.

RACE VIEW HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Have OPENED, for Gentlemen and Ladies next door to Lord Reay Villa.

MATHERAN, RUGBY HOTEL.—A few Good TENTS, PITCHED under large Trees, are available.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates, apply SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SPONGES.—A beautiful Selection of Toilet and Bathing Sponges just to hand, at very moderate prices. PISTIS & PELEKANOS, Egyptian Cigarette Manufacturers and General Tobacconists, 6, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

REVISED PRICES of Ærated Waters. Soda, Potash, and Plain Ærated Waters, per dozen, 8 Annas. Lemonade, and other Sweet Waters, per dozen, 12 Annas.—ROGERS and Co., Framjum Street, Fort, and Byculla.

MATCHLESS STEEL TRUNKS for SALE at HINKS'S LAMP DEPOT, Hornby Row, below Sir Dinshaw Petit's Office. Apply to the AGENT.

ONE OF THE GREATEST OF MISERIES IN LIFE is having bad servants. Oh! do try PAT O'CONNELL & Co., and be relieved. Efficiency and success guaranteed. 46, Modows Street, Fort, Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English and Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL GRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This famous old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR AND CO., Bombay.

WHITE FLANNEL SHIRTS.—Fine Twill or Plain Shrunk Saxony, with silk bands to Collar, Rs. 8-8 each.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Batliwala's AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tassa Water-Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daily, Esq. Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co.; Phillips & Co., &c., at Re. 1.

FALCON OXIDISED ENAMEL in all colors for Baths, Wicker-work, Bird-cages, Tables, Chairs, Ironwork Brackets, Bicycles, &c. The best yet offered to the public.—KEMP and Co., Limited, Bombay. Tint cards on application.

FALCON BRAND Varnishes, White Lead, White Zinc, Paints and Colors of all sorts—direct from the Manufactures, WILKINSON HEYWOOD AND CLARK. Bombay Depot, Jaha Mahal, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

TO MILLOWNERS and MANAGERS.—A choice Stock of BRASS GOODS from the celebrated Sydney Smith and Sons, Nottingham, as Vacuum Gauges, Cocks, Lubricators, &c., &c., FOR SALE, at MARTIN COHEN and Co., 9, Marine Street, Fort.

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BEAUTIFUL INLAID MARBLE ORNAMENTS, Moradabad, Cashmere Brass and Copper Wares, Fine Arts, Brilliant Charming Sweet Necklaces, Mechanical Toys in great variety. To be had such at O'NEAL and Co., Apollo Street.

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OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances, as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.
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Commission on purchases and sales	¼ per cent.
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BROOKS AND DOXEY,
LATE SAMUEL BROOKS,
MANCHESTER, JANUARY 1ST, 1892.
WE have the pleasure to notify that the COTTON MACHINERY BUSINESS, hitherto carried on at the UNION IRON WORKS, WEST GORTON, the Junction Iron Works, Newton Heath, and 15, Market Street, Manchester, under the style of
"SAMUEL BROOKS,"
will, on and from the 1st of January, 1892, be owned and continued by us, SAMUEL HERBERT BROOKS and RICHARD ALEXANDER DOXEY, under the style of
"BROOKS AND DOXEY."
Every effort will be made in the future to conduct the business as efficiently as hitherto, and a continuance of the support of present customers is cordially solicited.
Both works are well equipped with a large and most modern Plant, and we are exceptionally well laid out for the execution of all orders for Carding Engines, Preparing, Spinning, Winding, Doubling, Reeling, Bundling, &c. Machinery
BROOKS AND DOXEY.
With reference to the above Advertisement, the Undersigned shall be happy to furnish on application, prices and particulars of the Machinery manufactured by Messrs. BROOKS and DOXEY (late Mr. Samuel Brooks).
SORABJEE SHAPOORJEE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
10, Medows Street, Bombay.

HAND-BOOK
OF
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,
BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay.
The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.
PRICE..... Rs. 6.
Packing & Postage Extra.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTIES AT TATTA, IN SIND.
The undermentioned properties will, under the Instructions of N. C. Macleod, Esq., Acting Official Assignee, High Court, Bombay, and Assignee of the estate and effects of Bhojraj Mohandas, an insolvent, be put up for sale, by Public Auction, by Messrs MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., Auctioneers, at their Sale Room, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, at 4 p.m., on THURSDAY, the 12th inst:—
All the right, title, and interest of the insolvent Bhojraj Mohundas in
FIRSTLY.—All that piece of land, believed to contain 230 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Tatta, in Sind, together with the tenement or building standing on a part thereof, and bounded on the south by a closed passage (or blind alley) leading to certain properties owned by Gungoo Apoo, Gulabmunni B. Chollarau Hariram, Pamanmull, Puddoomull and others, on the east by the property of Syed Nuzzer Mahomed Shah Mussood, on the north by the property of Syed Karim Bux Noo Shah Mussood, and by a blind alley leading to the properties of the said Syed Karim Manoo Shah Mussood, and others, and on the west partly by the property of Tolsa null Topoomull, and partly by the same passage that forms the southern boundary aforesaid;
And, SECONDLY.—All that piece of land, believed to contain 100 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Tatta, in Sind, together with the tenement or building standing thereon, and bounded on the south by a public street, on the east by the properties of Chalomull Hurriram, Gunbhamull and Gugaram Apoo, and by a passage, on the north partly by the property of Gunga Apoo and partly by that of Khimunmull Vulliram, and on the west by the public street that forms the southern boundary aforesaid.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to N. C. Macleod, Esq., Acting Official Assignee, High Court, or to the undersigned.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, May 7, 1892.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,
23, APOLLO STREET.
AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, PIECE-GOODS' JEWELLERY, &c.
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their sale rooms, No. 23, Apollo Street, some pieces of furniture, consisting of:—Lounging-rooms, sofas dining-room chairs, chest of drawers, with and without mirror, door-almyrah, one large bead-organ, iron seats, marble-topped round tables, and [illegible]

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

WE have again had an active market for Cotton during the past week, considerable purchases having been made daily by exporters and local consumers, but more especially the former, at advancing rates and with a firm feeling. In other directions, however, export business has been slow, only small or moderate purchases of Wheat and Seeds having been made for export, though the tone of both markets has been steady on the whole. Rates of Exchange have fluctuated to the extent of 1-16d., but close this evening on a level with those of last Friday evening both for Bank and Private Bills. Government Paper is ⅛ per cent. higher in Fours than it was a week ago. There has latterly been more demand for tonnage, and a fairly large business has been done in Freights at some concession in rates. The position of staple Imports is virtually unchanged, and prices generally rule as before.

MONEY.—The position of Money as indicated by the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs issued at the beginning of the week had undergone little change during the period under review, the large increase of 53¼ lakhs in the Cash Balance disclosed by the previous Return having been followed by the slight addition of half a lakh, making the Balance stand at 191 lakhs. Judging from the figures given in the Return, there had been no movement of much importance in any direction; and as regards the items which specially point to the direction of the current of trade demand, while there had been a material increase in Loans due probably more than anything else to requirements in connection with the Government Paper monthly settlement, and some diminution in Private Deposits, Bills discounted had, on the other hand, decreased to the extent of some 8 lakhs, reducing the increase in trade requirements to under 5 lakhs, against a falling off in the same direction of 31⅞ lakhs in the previous (holiday) week, and 18½ lakhs in the week before. The other noticeable items in the Return were an accession of 4½ lakhs to Government Securities; and a considerable increase to Public Deposits at the Bank's Branches. The minimum rate remains at 4 per cent.

EXCHANGE opened easier on last mail-day at 1s. 3 5-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 3-16d. for demand, and at 1s. 3 3-8d. for three months' sight credits, at which latter rate a very limited amount of paper was placed for ready and May delivery; while for Bank remittance no enquiry was felt, and the market closed quiet. On Monday the market opened firmer, at 1s. 3 3-16d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 7-32d. for demand, at which rates no enquiry was felt; but, later on, a moderate amount of the former medium of remittance was placed at 1s. 3 7-32d. For Credits, 1s. 3⅛d. was quoted for three months' sight Bills, for ready and forward, and a fair amount of business transpired at this price, the market closing steady. The feeling was again firmer at opening on Tuesday, at 1s. 3 13-32d. for three months' sight Credits, at which a limited amount was placed, and then 1s. 3 7-16d. was asked, but no transaction transpired thereat; while, on the other hand, Bank remittance, at 1s. 3¼d., for Telegraphic, was offering all day without finding buyers, and the market closed quiet and nominally firm. On the following day the market opened steady at 1s. 3¼d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 9-32d. for Demand, at which a moderate amount was placed, when rates quickly receded 1-32d., say, to 1s. 3 7-32d., and to 1s. 3 1-4d., respectively, and these quotations at the close were more than doubtful. In Private Paper, rates opened at 1s. 3 7-16d. for three months' sight credits, at which nothing was offered, and the price shortly became 1s. 3 13-32d. without inducing sellers to operate. Yesterday, the market opened at Wednesday's closing rates of 1s. 3 3-8d. for three months' sight Credits; 1s. 3 7-32d. for Wire Transfers; and 1s. 3¼d. for Bank Demand, at which latter rate a moderate amount was placed; but very little Merchants' Paper was offered. To-day the market opened easier for Credits at 1s. 3 11-32d. for three months' sight Bills, and the same for Bank remittance, *viz*, 1s. 3 3-16d. for Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 7-32d. for Demand. A fair amount of Paper came out at 1s. 3 11-32d., the rate at the close becoming 1s. 3⅜d. without, however, anything further offering. For Bank remittance the enquiry at our quotations was extremely limited, and the market closed quiet as follows:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 3 7-32d.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 3 3-16d.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 3⅜d.
Do. 4 months' sight	1s. 3 9-32d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 3 11-32d.
Credits 3 do.	1s. 3⅜d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 3 7-16d.
Documents 3 do.	1s. 3 13-32d.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 3 15-32d.
Francs 3 do.	1·61½
Do. 6 months' sight	1·63

GOVERNMENT PAPER was firm in tone on Saturday after the April settlement. Early business was done in Fours for Account at 107¼ and later on at 107 13-16, at which the Market closed firm, the price for money leaving off at 108. For 4½ per Cents 104½, nominal, was still quoted. On Monday the market was firm again, and an advance of 1-16 per cent. in Fours for Money and Account was attained on Saturday's final rates, closing quotations in the evening having been 108 1-16 for cash and 107 15-16 for this month's settlement. The same firm feeling continued to prevail on Tuesday, and some further advance in Fours was established, closing rates in the evening having been 108⅛ to 3-16 for Money, and 108 1-16 for the 30th instant account. For the other denomination, 104¼ was still the nominal quotation. The tone of the market continued firm on the following day, and another small advance in rates for Fours was attained, closing quotations having been 108⅛ for cash, and 108 3-16 for the next settlement; 4 per Cents having been still nominally quoted at 104¼. Yesterday there was some reaction in the market, and rates for Fours gave way to the extent of about ¼ per cent., closing quotations in the evening having been 108 for Money, and 107⅞ for the 30th instant account, but with a steady feeling at the decline. To-day there has been a little recovery, and Fours left off this evening at 108 1-16 for cash, and 108 for the account, with a steady tone in the market. 104½ is still the nominal price of 4½ per Cents.

Municipal five per cent. Loan is ½ per cent. higher, at 114½. Port Trust Bonds are unchanged at 104.

SHARES have been dealt in to only a moderate extent during the past week, and transactions have been almost confined to Cotton Mill and Press Scrip, prices of which have, on the whole, favoured sellers. Compared with our quotations of last Friday evening we note an advance of Rs. 20 in Britannia Mill shares; of Rs.10 each, in David, Dhun, Jewraz Balloo, and Swadeshi; of Rs. 5 each in Connaught, Imperial, and KhataoMuccoonjee; and of Re.1 in Asiatic-Indian. On the other hand, there has been a decline of Rs. 75 on Star of India; of Rs. 55 in Union Manufacturing; of Rs. 15 in Cooria; of Rs. 12½ in Queen; of Rs. 7½ in Manockji Petit; of Rs. 5 in Hindustan; and of Rs. 2½ in Mazagon and Oriental. In Press Shares, Mofussi and Sind are Rs.5 higher; New Indian have advanced Rs. 2½; Munmar have declined Rs. 20. In Miscellaneous Shares, Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 50 higher for the first issue; Port Canning have advanced Rs. 2½; Treacher and Co. are Rs. 15 higher. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced Rs. 5 per share during the week.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—There has been no noticeable alteration in the position of *Grey Goods* during the past week. Up-country buyers are only operating to the extent of their orders in hand; and holders show no disposition to refuse offers at current rates. Rates are generally unchanged. A moderate retail business is reported in *Bleached Goods* on the basis of previous prices. *Turkey-Red Dyed* and *Printed Goods* are quite unchanged. *Local Goods* are rather more dull in tone and rates are a shade weaker. The total clearances of *Imported* goods during the week are estimated at 3,700 package s; those of *Local* made goods at 1,500 bales.

YARNS.—A moderate business has been done in *Imported Twist* during the week in a steady market, but with prices quite unchanged. A small business in *Local Spinnings* having been reported from China for the week ending on last Monday, China buyers here have operated less freely than before; rates, however, are nominally the same as before. Spinners are fairly steady in their pretensions, and are in no hurry to make fresh sales. The market closed steady at the following official quotations, the week's sales having aggregated about 2,000 bales:—

Twist...	No. 6s Mule,	As. 3¾	to	4	per lb.
"	8s "	3½	"	4¼	"
"	10s "	4½	"	4 11-16	"
"	12s "	4 3-16	"	4⅝	"
"	16s "	5	"	5⅜	"
"	20s "	5¼	"	5 11-16	"
"	24s "	5½	"	6 1-16	"
"	30s "	6¼	"	6¾	"
"	40s "	7¼	"	8	"

METALS.—Copper has been taken to a moderate extent during the week at a reduction of 2 annas per cwt., the market closing steady at the decline. The price of *Yellow Metal* has receded 4 annas per cwt. in a quiet market, with little doing. A moderate business has been done in *Iron*, for which rates have advanced a quarter to one rupee and are steady at the rise.

COAL is quiet. Sales have been reported during the week of 1,000 tons of Powell's Duffryn, for April shipment, at Rs. 17½ per ton; and of some ready Davison's West Hartley, at Rs. 15½ per ton. There are forward sellers of Powell's and Davison's, for April-May shipment, at Rs. 17 and Rs. 16 per ton, respectively.

EXPORTS.

A further advance of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per [illegible] place in the price of this staple at the [illegible] week in a firm market, in which local [illegible] much larger operators than shippers; and on Monday the market opened with a steady feeling, a moderate business having been done during the day, generally on the basis of previous rates. On the following day the tone became distinctly firm, and large transactions took place then and thereafter, but much more for exporters' than for local consumers' account, while prices advanced a rupee or two daily. The total purchases for export have not been far short of 15,000 bales of Dhollera and Oomra discriptions, Bengals, and Broach; while the Mills may be credited with some 3,000 bales less, made up chiefly of Oomras, and Dhollera varieties, Broach, and Compta. The market closed firm this evening, with prices Rs. 2 to Rs. 7 higher than they were a week ago.

The Receipts of Cotton of this season's crop during the past week have been 74,000 bales against 92,000 to hand in the week preceding, and 61,000 bales in the corresponding week last year. The falling off in Receipts this season compared with last, continues to diminish, the decrease being now 378,200 bales.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, *via* Canal, without commission, *viz*:—

Cotton—	Per candy. Rs.	Per lbs. C. & F.
Bengal Fine	"	161—3 7-32d.
Do. Fully Good	"	149—2 15-16d.
Do. Good	"	139—2¾d.
Broach Fine	"	183—3 21-32d.
Do. Good	"	173—3¼d.
Khandeish Fully Good	"	165—3⅛
Do. Good	"	159—3d.
Dhollera Fine (May)	"	176—3 7-16d.
Do. Fully Good do.	"	165—3 9-32d.
Do. Good f do.	"	163—3 7-32d.
Belatee Fine	"	170—3 11-32d.
Do. Fully Good	"	161—3 5-16d.
Oomra Fully Good	"	170—3 11-32d.
Do. Good	"	164—3 7-32d.
S. G. Dharwar Good	"	174—3 13-32d.

The Arrivals of new cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1891-92. Bales.	Season 1890-91. Bales.
Khandeish	262,200	326,500
Berar	277,500	306,000
Barsi and Nugger	81,000	94,000
Bengals	100,800	281,000
Hingunghat	2,000	21,200
Persian and Sind	19,000	24,000
Broach	173,500	158,000
Dhollera	141,000	222,000
Compta and Dharwar	7,000	9,500
Total	1,064,000	1,442,200

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the two previous years:—

Receipts.	1892. Bales.	1891. Bales.	1890. Bales.
For the week	74,041	92,922	90,899
From 1st Jan. to 5th May	1,024,233	1,278,165	1,375,469
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	91,296	41,055	183,902
From 1st Jan. to 5th May	485,319	662,087	927,819
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	2,135	3,370	2,209
From 1st Jan. to 5th May	29,502	48,092	31,316

WHEAT has continued to attract but little attention from exporters, and business in this staple has been upon a small or moderate scale throughout the past week. There has been some little movement in prices, mostly in sellers' favour; but the tone of the market has upon the whole been steady.

SEEDS have been a steady market throughout the week; but only moderate purchases have been made for export, and with the exception of those for *Linseed* and *Yellow Cawnpore Rape*, which have fluctuated a little, prices are unchanged. We quote this evening:—

Linseed	Rs. 6-10-3 to Rs. 6-12-6 per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	7-4-0 "
" " Cawnpore	" 6-11-0 to " 6-12-0 "
" Red "	" 6-2-0 to " 6-3-6 "
Gingelly, White	" 42-0-0 to " 43-0-0 per candy
" Mixed	" 38-0-0 to " 41-0-0 "

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the week	436,071	798,649	282,812
do. from 1st Jan. to 5th May	4,205,478	4,533,891	2,167,500
Linseed for the week	156,854	252,628	105,738
do. from 1st Jan. to 5th May	2,449,296	2,803,559	1,323,888
Rapeseed for the week	87,541	116,034	36,675
do. from 1st Jan. to 5th May	642,327	754,464	665,108
Gingellyseed for the week	5,823	15,744	18,365
do. from 1st Jan. to 5th May	807,682	908,608	609,864

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1892.	1891.	1890.
Wheat for the week	227,380	485,739	170,005
do. from 1st Jan. to 5th May	3,847,870	2,738,930	1,377,636
Linseed for the week	194,861	213,215	16,405
do. from 1st Jan. to 5th May	2,000,917	1,878,365	826,355
Rapeseed for the week	108,671	126,315	27,402
do. from 1st Jan. to 5th May	418,120	492,744	436,318
Gingellyseed for the week	25,674	70,589	.....
do. from 1st Jan. to 5th May	843,539	758,291	615,41

DIVINE SERVICES.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.
THIRD SUNDAY AFTER EASTER, MAY 8.
7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—(Choral)—Agutter in G.—Hymns 37, 260 and 379.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 126, 222, and 302. Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis, 151 and 148.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5-15 p.m.
Tuesday and Thursday—Celebration at 7-15 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)
7 a.m.—Choral, Matins and Sermon. (Parade Service.)—Hymns 4, 231 and 123.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
4-45 p.m.—Children's Service.—Hymns 125 and 27. Offertory for "Children's Gift."
6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 199, 197 and 370.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Hymns—233, 33 and 204.
Psalm 65, 1-3.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.
7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 178, 191 and 318.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 301, 290 and 230.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, and Sermon—Hymns 313 and 338.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 53, 301 and 29.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 282 and 292.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 238, 301 and 277.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
(Opposite Byculla Club.)
8 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Sunday Services.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School with Bible Class for adults.
11 a.m.—Marathi Service.
Seats free. Cordial invitation to all.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.
7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.
6 30 a.m.—Matins—(plain).
7 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral); Sermon by Rev. Br. Beale.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral); Sermon by Rev. F. Biscoe. Alms for the poor.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Ps. 85, tune 136.
Hys. 203, 177 and 293—2nd tune.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price.—As. 4 Per Copy.

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2 HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.—LATE NEWS.
3-4-5 THE WEEK.
6 The Hunza Expedition.—Colonel Durand's Despatches.—An address to Mr. Bozzoni.—Mahableshwar Gossip.
7 Branch Railways in Gujarat.—I. S. C. P. S. L. C. S.—Rural Reflections.—Domestic Ditties.—The Dog-boy.
8 The New Municipal Buildings.—Bombay Graduation List.
9 Mr. Tawney News.—Arrival of a Persian Gunboat.—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY.
10 The Malay Peninsula.—A Field for Indian Labour.—A Friend-in-Need Fund.—The Pahang Rising.
11 Bombay Chamber of Commerce.—A European Gentleman in India.—An Autumn Song.—Bombay Natural History Society.
12 Bombay Municipal Corporation.—Weather at Sea.
13 A Shameful Calumny.—The Gold-Weighing Ceremony at Travancore.—The Rampur Murder Case.
14-15 LEADING ARTICLES: The Silver Question in Manchester.—Lord Reay's Administration.—A Shameful Calumny.
16 LEADING ARTICLES: A Judicial Experiment in Baroda.—Quarantine and Cholera.
17 LEADING ARTICLES: Cholera and Liberty of

TELEGRAMS.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE ONE THOUSAND GUINEAS.

LONDON, MAY 6.

The following is the result of the race for the One Thousand Guineas Race run this day:—

Baron Hirsch's La Fleche 1
Duke of Portland's The Snew 2
Mr Milner's Adoration 3

THE LANCASHIRE STRIKE.

The cotton strike in Lancashire has been settled by mutual concessions on the part of the masters and men, and a general resumption of work takes place on Monday.

THE VACCINATION ACT.

The Interim Report of the Commission on Vaccination has been published, and advises against repeatedly punishing those who refuse to conform to the Act, which only strengthens the opposition to it.

A BIG FRAUD.

Mr. Zelger, the Cashier of Messrs. Rothschilds of Frankfort, who absconded after committing frauds to the extent of two millions of marks, it has been discovered, sailed for Colombo, where he probably arrived yesterday.

RESIGNATION OF THE ITALIAN MINISTRY.

ROME, MAY 5.

The Italian Ministry have been defeated on a motion of confidence, in regard to the financial policy of the Government, by a majority of five votes. The Marquis di Rudini (the Premier) and his colleagues have, therefore, resigned.

It is believed that Signor Giolitti will try to form a Cabinet, and that possibly the Chamber will be dissolved.

THE FRENCH PRESS ON THE ITALIAN CRISIS.

PARIS, MAY 6.

The French Press are jubilant over the Italian Ministerial crisis, and say that Italy must now choose between quitting the Triple Alliance and bankruptcy.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, MAY 6.

The s. s. Cathay, with the outward English mails of the 29th ultimo, left here, at 2-30 a.m. to-day.

ADEN, MAY 6.

The s. s. Assam, with the homeward mails of the 30th ultimo, arrived here at 8 a. m. to-day.

CHOLERA AT CHITTAGONG.

DEATH OF SIR H. HARRISON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 6.

A telegram received from Chittagong announces the death of Sir Henry Harrison and Miss Harrison of cholera, yesterday. The funeral took place at the Roman Catholic Cemetery last evening. [illegible] created a profound sensation here.

THE LAND INDEBTEDNESS COMMISSION REPORT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 6.

Mr. J. W. Neill and Mr. Leslie Porter, of the Land Indebtedness Commission, have arrived at Simla. The report of the Commission will be written in due course.

CONVEYANCE OF TROOPS BY RAILWAYS.

The question of the use of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway for the conveyance of troops, moving from stations in Presidency districts to Bombay and *vice-versâ*, has been receiving attention. It has now been definitely decided that for financial and other reasons the route *via* Allahabad shall continue to be used in preference to the new line.

THE OPERATIONS IN BURMA.

Captain Shakespear and the Fort White Column effected a junction, on Tuesday last, at Vansangas stockade, where Captain Shakespear has been compelled to keep on the defensive for the last twelve days. The Burma Column has been considerably delayed by the heavy rains, but now that it has arrived it will be possible to take more energetic measures.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 6.

Foreign Department.—Captain Masters, Secunderabad, has been granted furlough for one year.

The services of Lieutenant-Colonel Hunter, Assistant to the Governor-General's Agent at Baroda, have been replaced at the disposal of the Bombay Government, and Major Ferris, Assistant to the Political Agent, Southern Maratha Country, succeeds him at Baroda.

Surgeon-Captain Harrington officiates as Agency Surgeon at Ulwar, *vice* Surgeon-Captain Faulkner and Surgeon-Captain Shore, from Turkish Arabia, officiates as Medical Officer, Deoli Irregular Force.

Consequent on the appointment of Captain Edwards as Inspecting Officer, Imperial Service Cavalry, Central India States, Captain Grant has been promoted to be third Squadron Commander, First Regiment, Central India Horse; Captain Mayne, to be Fourth Squadron Commander, Second Regiment; and Lieut. Bannerman to be Adjutant, Second Regiment.

Military Department.—Major the Hon'ble Dalzell, Oxfordshire Light Infantry, has been appointed Inspector of Gymnasia, Bengal, *vice* Colonel Alexander.

Lieutenant Westropp, 5th Bombay Infantry, has been appointed to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, Second Class.

Mr. Ince has been appointed to be Deputy Examiner, Second Grade, Military Accounts, *vice* Mr. Firth.

Colonel Pritchard, Accountant-General, Military Department, has been granted an extension of his term of office, until 31st October, 1893.

The following officers have been admitted to the Staff Corps:—

Lieutenant Sheppard, 4th Dragoons; and Second Lieutenant Forteath, Hi[illegible]ht Infantry; the latter will rank as [illegible]

The follow[illegible]anted leave of [illegible] for one year; and Captain [illegible]

[illegible] been transferr[illegible]ry list:—Archi[illegible]

[illegible] promoted:—[illegible]he Staff Corps—[illegible]t-Colonel Pelham [illegible]n Edwin Sandys.

[illegible] admitted to the [illegible]-Colonels Henry, [illegible]E. the Secretar[illegible]he construction, [illegible]nal at Satara.

[illegible] to officiate as [illegible] in addition to [illegible]

[illegible]nts, Bombay [illegible] been grant[illegible]

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VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 14.

"In the beauty of the lilies, Christ was born across the sea,
With a glory in His bosom that transfigures you and me.
As He died to make men holy, let us die to make men free
While God is marching on."

The last lines of the stirring Battle Hymn of the Republic come to mind with the closing week of Lent. The Spirit of Time is marching on, and we are following laden with all our little hopes and plans and cares. What a struggle to keep pace, on and on, as one week comes tumbling after another, bringing its special event to mark life's progress. We have had our Budget week, dreary and dry as dust, with figures and calculations, surpluses and deficits. We have had our boat-race week, when all eyes were turned on the barometer, and all our hearts went pit-a-pat when the wind rose and the glass went down, threatening disaster to the light and dark blues. Now we are at Easter, and we shall have our holiday week. Like the admirable Goschen, every individual is making up his budget in preparation for his holiday. Oh! happy purse that holds a surplus! Who would remain in town when the hoardings are pink and blue with notices of excursion trips? Who could withstand the charm of a day in the country?

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Fast as the pace of time seems to some of us, it is all too slow for others. While the Aquarium Managers are arranging for an exhibition of the famous Hargreave pearls, miserable Mrs. Osborne is fretting away the hours in Holloway Jail. Report says it is probable that she will be released at the end of May. It appears that though the prison discipline has been relaxed so far as to permit her the use of silver-backed hair-brushes, tooth-brushes, etc., in answer to the demand of a sympathetic public, her health does not improve, therefore Mr. Matthews will allow the severity of her sentence to be mitigated. Few people will find fault with this exercise of the prerogative of mercy, but they will wish to see it also strained to reach the cases of worse brought up and more sorely tempted women who are suffering imprisonment under harsher conditions, because they have no rich and respectable friends to plead their cause.

***

"We rise," says somebody, "on stepping stones of our dead selves to higher things!" But the quickest ascent to such high things as coronets and strawberry leaves is *via* the footlights by the dainty tripping of our live selves on the light fantastic toe, and all those other pleasing arts that are so successfully studied on the stage and in the music hall. It was only the other day that the ranks of our peeresses were recruited from the theatrical profession by the addition of the Countess Clancarty and Viscountess Hampden. This week brings news from Munich that Duke Ludwig of Bavaria, the eldest brother of the Empress of Austria, intends to import new blood into Bavarian royalty by his marriage with Fraulein Clara Heese of the Munich Court Theatre. The Duke, whose first wife died in November, is sixty-one, and his intended bride is 30 years his junior.

***

Mrs. Besant's pretty daughter, who on attaining her majority was feted not by Society but by Socialism, is to be married immediately to Mr. Ernest Scott, nephew of the dramatic critic. Mr. Scott has been appointed to a good position on the *Melbourne Age*, and he and his bride will leave England on the 12th of May for Australia.

***

The diary of the Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava has been published in French as "Quatre ans aux Indes-Anglaises.—Notre Viceroyauté, par la Marquise de Dufferin et d'Ava, traduit de l'Anglais par Robert de Cerisy. In—18, 7 fr. (Calmann-Levy.)"

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Three new papers—or monthly journals as their editors describe them, regardless of the fact that a monthly can hardly, with truth and accuracy, be called a journal—made their first appearance in the beginning of April. Unless with the idea of giving them away with a lb. of tea, or as a new development of the old fun of the 1st April—All Fools' Day—there seems no object in producing more papers, without also producing, by some rapid, patent process, like that by which Minerva sprung fully grown and equipped from the helmet of her father Jove, a new set of readers. An uncritical and pennyful set of readers, too, they should be to appreciate execrably bad illustrations, stale jokes, second-hand information, and pirated or copied stories. The best of the three is, *Fashionable London*, which devotes its pages mostly to illustrating the styles of dress of which it keeps patterns in stock, and it may be found useful by ladies [illegible] to make their gowns and bonnets, if its patterns are reliable, which remains to be proved. At the office, 24, Wellington Street, Strand, W.C., bodices are cut to measure for 1s.; or cut in strong lining and tacked together for 2s.; or ladies can bring their own lining and wait while the bodice is cut out for 1s. 6d. The same applies to skirts. Besides these inducements to subscribers, the monthly part for May (6d.) will contain [illegible] coloured photo-mezzotype portrait (si[illegible] the Ma[illegible]ess of Dufferin and A[illegible]

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scholarship she has been for two years studying under Professor Klindworth.

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The London Irish Literary Society has just been started, and judging by the list of names of those who have already joined, it promises to be representative of all opinions and creeds. Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, the Rev. Stopford Brooke, Justin MacCarthy, M.P., Miss Charlotte O'Brien, Sir Charles Russell, Miss Catherine Lynan, Lady Wilde, and Oscar Wilde are some of its best known members. The Irish Literary Colony in London is so large that it will form a little Ireland of its own where its members may meet on common ground, and in each other's sympathy find a cure for the *heimweh*,—the longing for their native land which in the Irish, as well as in the Swiss heart, is unconquerable. What homesickness is to the Irish has been pathetically described bythe late Dr. Henry Bernard Carpenter, who died in Boston, U. S. A., a couple of years ago.

Homesickness.

"I knew a strong man
And he dwelt 'mid the hills where the swift streams ran;
For he loved to live where his life began.
But they took him away and made him abide.
Where the great streets darken and chafe and chide
With their ceaseless tide.
And he mourned for the hills which mourned for the man,
So he sickened and died.

"I knew a weak bird,
And she sang in the woods where her song was first heard,
For she loved the bowers by her young wing stirred.
But they caught her away and made her abide
In a cage where she sang not, but often cried
For her forest wide.
And she mourned for the woods that mourned for the bird,
So she languished and died.

"O Land of the Soul!
Men have lived on thy hills within love's control,
And fain had they stayed where thy star-streams roll;
But a hand plucked them thence and made them abide
In a world where they wandered, and often cried
For that first hillside.
'O Love, take us back to thy Land of the Soul,'
So they sorrowed and died."

"MARAH," BY OWEN MEREDITH.*

LORD LYTTON left behind him two volumes of unpublished poetry. For two or three weeks before his sudden death he was correcting the proofs of a series of lyrical poems, which are now given to the world under the title of *Marah*. A large and more elaborate posthumous poem will be published presently, *Marah* consist of some fifty or more lyrics intended, as Lady Lyton informs us in the preface, to be read consecutively as a connected whole. But the thread of connection is far from clear, and any one of the poems may be treated as a whole in itself, without regard to its successor and predecessor in the series. The similarity of the emotions and thoughts expressed in the poems would be very monotonous, but for the skill with which the poet has varied his theme by help of his wonderful command of language and poetical imagery. The main subject of the whole series is love, not the simple phase of love celebrated by the passionate poets of earlier days, but the most modern kind of modern love with all its subtle refinements and continual under-current of melancholy pessimism and cultured despair. Here we have no ideal pictures of flawless beauty of soul and body, but the overpowering mental dissatisfaction of one who, like Solomon, has sought for perfect love and found instead—that all is vanity and vexation of spirit! Throughout the book we become familiar with such ideas as "unutterable discontent," "intolerable sorrow," and "drear desire." A "drearstage" has to be prepared for the "drear drama" and nature is depicted in her wannest moods. The poet agrees with Burns that the brightest scenes of nature do but intensify sorrow. He tells us that—

The contemplation of repose and joy
In Nature soothes not when the soul is sore;
And to an aching heart a smiling day
Is a pain the more.

Therefore the despairing lover in *Marah*, instead of looking on the more joyful moods of nature—the blue sky and the sunlit ocean—speaks of seas "grey everywhere, grey always," of a "wide grey sea," under "a wide grey sky," of battle between ghastly hosts of legions of devils, and of strange mythological creatures, human or bestial, that seem to go whirling through the brain of the poet and refuse it rest. Among the weird scenes depicted many exhibit a high order of poetical imagination of a fantastic kind. One of the finest of these nightmare pictures is called the *Somnium Belluinum*, in which we have a "profusion of emigrant prodigies" marshalled in an imposing array.

"'Twas a monstrous procession. In front of it came
The sleek Basilisks, hissing and sighing:
In the forehead of each did a diamond flame,
And the Wyverns were after them flying,

This reminds us a little of Lewis Carroll's jabberwocky and barogroves, but the resemblance does not detract from the impression produced by the "beautiful leonine sphinxes," who formed a later band in strange procession.

In their somnolent motion they seem'd to repose:
Was it walking, or flying, or floating?
Not a sound from their paws, as they passed me, arose
The approach of their presence denoting;
Not a fold of their filleted tiaras was stirred;
Not a pulse in their peak'd breasts flutter'd;
But as murmuring seas by a slumberer heard
Were the mystic enigmas they uttered.

The chief figure in the procession was a Phœnix who held, in his beak the poet's heart. When he ventured to question the propriety of the conduct of the Phœnix and the other strange monsters, there was a terrible turmoil and confusion.

For the Bulls of Chalios resentfully stamp'd
In a bellowing band; and up bounded
The roused Panthers and Pumas: the Jaguars ramp'd:
And the bows of the Centaurs resounded.
As their darts flew about in the blood-coloured gloom:
Into rings where (rere?) the Dragons contorted:
In the eyes of the lemine Sphinxes was doom:
The Chimæras all whinnied and snorted.

All this may rival in picturesque power the finest of the dreams of the Opium Eater, but what may be the connection of thought between it and the series of poems of which it is the climax would need the skill of a Lelian diver to divine. The volume ends with a nameless poem of intrinsic merit in itself, and full of peculiar interest as the last production of Lord Lytton's graceful muse. The composition of it occupied the last days of his life. It was never finished, and the fragment is given as it was found by the poet's bedside, "with the ink hardly dry on the page."

* London, Longmans, Green, and Co.

FEAST OF PETER THE GREAT.

(FROM THE RUSSIAN OF PUSHKIN.)

O'er the Neva waving gail
Flags of many colours fl
From the boats in joyous corus
Songs of rowers rise on igh.
In the Royal House is feasng:
Speech of merry guests id free:
And with thundering gunshe Neva
Trembles to the distant a.

What is this the mighty Mnarch
Feasts in Peter's city sm!?
Why these royal salutes an cheerings
Why this fleet and festiv!?
Doth the Russian Flag or ionet
Brightened with new glo glow?
Has the surly Swede been onquered?
Sues for peace the haughtoe?

Or—The year-day of Poltav
Celebrates the Emperor—y
When his kingdom's life he scued
From King Charles in deay fray?
Or is this great Katherine's ith-day?
This the day when she wasorn—
She—the Queen who workedich wonders—
She—the dark-browed Quo forlorn.

Nay! In peace he meets a bject
Pardons thus a sinner's crip,
Crowns with him the foamingoblet,
And salutes his cheek meamne;
Lo! with kindly look and long—
Celebrates the Emperor so
His forgiveness of a subject
Like a victory o'er a foe.

Hence it is that noise of cheering
Rings thro' "Peter's City" snat
Hence the royal salutes and music
Hence the Fleets and festival!
Hence it is that, in all gladness,
The Imperial cup is filled,
And that, far and wide, the Neva
Is with thundering cannon thrilled.

J. P.

THE prospectus of the Calcutta Races for 1892-93 has just been issued. There is only one point in the general conditions which is likely to attract much attention. It is that starting declarations must be accompanied not only by the amounts due on account of sweepstakes for starters and the extra money (if any) for horses not struck out, but by the "jockey's fee for a losing mount." The stewards are quite within their powe, in thus insisting upon this particular fee being deposited as Rule 86, Section (III.) runs:—"The Awards of a meeting may by rule direct that the losing fee of jockey shall be paid the Secretary at the time when the horse which he is to ride is declared to start." But the jockey is, as a matter of fact, the servant of the owner, and as such he has his rights under Rule 86, Section (IV.) of the Rules of Racing. Owners will very naturally ask why the new regulation has been introduced at Calcutta. It will apparently only serve to complicate accounts, which the C.T.C. stewards can scarcely desire. Have there been any complaints that the losing fees have not been paid? We notice, by the way, that the usual prize of Rs. 1,000 is offered for the winners of the annual polo tournament to be held during the second meeting at Calcutta. This is very sporting of the Turf Club, considering the poor entries for the last tournament.

THE LATE SIR HENRY HARRISON.

A TELEGRAM received by us yesterday, announces the deaths from cholera, at Chittagong, of Sir Henry Harrison, B. A., Barrister-at-law, and late Commissioner of Police, and Chairman of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta; and of his daughter. Mr. Harry Leland Harrison arrived in the country in November, 1860, and served as junior Civil Servant and Assistant Magistrate and Collector at Beerbhoom and Midnapur, and was subsequently appointed an Inspector of Schools in the N. [illegible] Division. In 1867, Mr. Harrison was promoted to the post of Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal; and was on special duty as Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue from March, 1867, to February, 1869. He had then a long furlough to Europe; and on returning to this country, reverted to his substantive appointment of Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, holding the officiating appointments of Inspector of Schools, Magistrate and Collector, and Finance Secretary to the Government of Bengal, from February 1871, to May 1879. From November of that year Mr. Harrison was placed on special duty in connection with the Rent Commission until March, 1880, when he had another long furlough to Europe. In April, 1881, he was appointed to the important offices of Commissioner of Police and Chairman of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta, the duties of which he conducted with marked ability for about six years. Those were eventful years as regarded the great progress made by the Calcutta Municipality in connection with their drainage and water-works, and many other improvements, including the assessment department. Mr. Harrison was very popular with the people generally and received the honour of knighthood on the occasion of the Jubilee of her Majesty the Queen-Empress in February, 1887. Sir Henry was present at Windsor in June of that year, when the Princes and Chiefs of India, the officials of the Calcutta, Bombay, and Madras Municipalities, and others, including Sir Henry Morland from Bombay, and Sir Charles Lawson from Madras, were in attendance to formally present her Majesty with the addresses which had been voted by the respective Municipalities and inhabitants of the different Presidencies.

Sir Henry Harrison took a warm interest in the Municipal administration of the City of Bombay, and on more than one occasion on his visits to Bombay, made most careful and minute personal investigation, with the assistance of Mr. Ollivant and other officers of the Municipality, in regard to the sanitation of the city and generally as to its civic administration. From time to time he was in correspondence with the Municipal Commissioner and the Municipal Secretary at Bombay on many points of interest relating to the application of the Bombay-system to the Calcutta Municipality.

Sir Henry Harrison was on special leave from May to November, 1887. In April, 1890, he was appointed a member of the Board of Revenue of Bengal, and held that post, we believe, till the time of his death. He had done some literary work also, and had written a useful book, entitled the "Embankment Manual."

"INTRUDERS" IN CURRENCY DISCUSSIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A correspondent of your contemporary, who signs himself "Anti-Socialist," is as dogmatic as become one who has studied at the feet of Sir Forbes Adam and Mr. Donald Graham the laws of currency and finance; and who, therefore, takes the resolution on the question of bi-metallism passed by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, under the chairmanship of one of those illustrious chiefs, as the quintessence of wisdom for the guidance of all ages.

"Anti-Socialist" is indignant at the idea of an architect presuming to give an opinion in matters of currency, and is aghast at any merchant or merchants writing to him their approval of his views, when there exists the resolution of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce to stare them out of their heresy. But "Anti-Socialist's" lordly sneer at the architect only betrays his ignorance of the history of all sciences. The greatest discoveries in the science of medicine, in the science of currency, finance, commerce, and in the science of engineering have been made by men outside those professions. Adam Smith, Fawcett, and Jevons are instances in point. Was there much to wonder at, if these past master s in the seance of currency and finance were written to by eminent London bankers, and even by Chancellors of the Exchequer, with respect and approval? Perhaps it might excite the sneer of a Bombay merchant for they rank heresy in going past the Institute of Bankers, but the Institute of Bankers covered itself with ridicule only the other day by referring Mr. Goschen to a Royal Commission before it would commit itself to an opinion on the issue of one-pound notes!

"Anti-Socialist" does not remember who the first madman was that started the idea of stopping our Indian mints for the free coinage of silver—but certainly refuses the priority of claim to Mr. Gostling. Mr Gostling was not the first man to start the cry—but the list of "madmen" will be very long, and comprises most that is eminent in finance and commerce in this country. If Carlyle's dictum is to be accepted, the "madmen" have moulded the world to their ideas, and the fools have conformed to them.—Yours, &c.,

S. B.

BI-METALLISM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Would you oblige me by inserting this letter in your paper. I have a number of copies of Sir Guildford Molesworth's prize essay on Bi-Metallism, which I shall be happy to lend in reply to letter to any one who cares to read up and obtain a thorough knowledge of this important subject. In the essay is compressed in a compact and interesting manner, the history and statistics up to date of the gold and silver currency.—Yours, &c.,

D. GOSTLING.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Rome, Captain A. B. Daniell, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Aden, Ismalia, Gibraltar and Malta, with the Europe mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Surg and Mrs Simpson	Col Bigg-Wither
Three Misses Simpson	Col and Mrs Reynolds
Mr Casey	Mr Ardaseer Dhunjeebhoy
Mr P H Temple	Mr J B Gamble
Miss Mackichan	Mr W H Long
Two Misses McClelland	Miss Dhunbai H Banaji
Mr A L P Tucker	Mr Shaw
Rev E S Hill	Capt H C E Cave, child and infant
Miss Swaine	
Mr and Mrs D M Forbes and child	Rev A and Mrs Watson
	Mrs Cooper
Mrs Elton	Mr G Sim
Mr and Mrs L Spinner	Mr F P Evans
Surg and Mrs Corkery, and two infants	Capt Morris
	Lieut-Col F J Curtis
Miss Corkery	Mr Ismail Said
Mr Corkery	Mr Llewellyn
Miss Fielding	Mr Marsland
Mr W D Graham	Mr C L Wills
Rev A C Taylor	Miss Waugh
Mr and Mrs Caroll and two children	Mrs Jacob
	Miss Finch
Miss Oxley	Mr and Mrs Falconer
Mr Sayad Hassan	Surg D Ali
Mr Sayad Hoosein	Mrs Solomon
Mr Macpherson	Miss Fentiman
Mrs Baddeley and four children	Mrs Goodair
	Mr Weld Blundell
Mr D McLeod	Mrs Cocks
Mr and Mrs Gregory	Mrs Craigie
Mrs Stephenson and two children	Mrs Warren, child and infant
Mrs Tighe	Miss Backhouse
Mr and Mrs Rich and child	Mr Richardson
Mrs Sharman and family	Mr Hart
Mr V S Dhalap	Mrs Tooth
Mr Namdev Kadam	Mrs Johnson
Miss Logan	Miss Curr
Mr Dale	Col, Mrs and Miss Hussey
Mrs Thomson and two children	Mr E'cock
	Miss Smart
Mr and Mrs G M Robinson and two infants	Mr Watson
	Mr Johnson
Mr J Russell	Mrs Geddes
Mr and Mrs MacLaran and two children	Mrs Brown, child and infant
	Mr Longfield
Miss Modlicott	Rev W F Thompson
Mr and Mrs Feltham Smith	Col Little
Mr Wilson	Hon L R W and Mrs Forrest and infant
Mr R B Michell	
Rev S Reynolds	Mr Isdale
Mr W Barrett	Mr C D Webar
Mrs Dobbs	Mr Going
Mrs Molloy	Major and Mrs Brereton
Mr W Butler	Mr and Mrs Hindle
Mr J Eccles	Miss Terberry
Mr Casey	Mr Gayo
Mr C A Roe	

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr S Jacob	Mrs Greaves
Mr F L Goldsmid	Mr Durnford
Capt H R Tate	Mr Tollmann
Mr G D'Oyley	Mr Jacques
Mr Nusserwanjee Jeevanjee	Mr and Mrs Durrand
Col Hunt	Capt de Winton
Major Thomson	Mr W Grant
Mr J A Robertson	Mrs Cooper
Mr and Mrs P J Pagan	Raja Shiani Sinha
Mr Allarakia	Lieut-Col Grant
Mr Macdonald	Mr H H Doyley
Mr A Caventhorpe	Mr W Taylor
Mr W Holmes	Dr G F Bevan
Mr Gannon	Rev A Smith
Col Dunmaney	Mr Gray
Mr E Fraser	Mr S N Moinoodin
Mr J M Vacha	Mr R Watson
Mr and Mrs Gannon	Mr Pantinos
Mr W Nellson	Col Hart
Mr Justice Handley	Mr W T H Brown
Mr Nizam Uddin	Mr Harkishnaw Das
Mr Driver	Mrs Seramangan
Mr Lewis Moore	Mrs Balli
Mr P Hutchins	Mr Meyerstein
Mrs Kelly	Mr C E Fox
Mrs Sandya	

FOR ADEN.—Mr G Belcham.
FOR ISMAILIA.
Hajee Ismail and son

Mr Colopolos	
Mr Hajee Jussub	

GIBRALTAR.
Mr P da Pecheo

FOR MALTA.

H H Maharaja Sayaji Rao Gaekwar	Dr Batukram S Mehta
	Mr Baburao Narayen Kole
H H the Maharani Chimna-bai Saheb	His Highness' eleven servants
Shrimant Sampatrao Gaekwar	H H Prince Fatheesingrao
	H H Prince Jeesingrao
Shrimant Auchitrao Gaekwar	Mr Salim Kee.
	Mrs W Pitare
Raja Shri O M Somarth	Mr Anandrao

IT has been noticed that the reception of Pierre Loti at the Academy was "a Ladies Day." It would not be surprising if the Loti-worship in fashionable Paris ended in a craze for Oriental garments, especially as the Parisienne is just beginning to feel that she has had almost enough of Russian fashions.

OUR MILITARY STATIONS.

THE FORTRESS OF ASIRGARH.

THE fortress of Asirgarh stands on an isolated hill, in the Satpura range of Ghauts, at an altitude of 850 feet above the surrounding country and 2,300 feet above the level of the sea. It is in latitude 21° 26' North, and longitude 76° 20' East, distant from Bombay 322 miles, and lies seven miles off the Chandni Station, on the Great Indian Peninsular Railway, and is 1,078 miles distant from Calcutta. The fortress was first captured by the British in 1803, by a portion of the army under the command of General Wellesley (afterwards Duke of Wellington) after the battle of Assaye. Very little resistance was met with at the hands of the defenders, who were irregular troops belonging to Dowlat Rao Scindia. When peace was concluded with the Mahrattas, the fortress was made over to Scindia. It was a second time captured by the British, in 1819, but on this occasion resistance was met with, and the fortress capitulated after an investment of twenty days, and since then it has remained in the hands of the British. The fort is armed with four 12 pr. R. B. L. guns and two machine guns of the Gardner type, and these have been mounted in old casemates, which have been made serviceable, situated between the Station Hospital and No I Bangalow. The defences have of late years been repaired and the place put in order. A scheme was submitted to the Government of India some ten years ago or so to man the walls of the fort with heavy guns in position, and to have a battery of machine guns with due complement of Royal Artillery as a permanent garrison, to work them, but this was not approved. Up to 1879 the garrison consisted of about 150 European Infantry and two companies of Native Infantry, but the latter were withdrawn at the time of the Afghan War, and were not replaced, and now the British troops have been withdrawn, and the garrison consists of only half a company of Native Infantry, furnished by the 19th Bombay Infantry, stationed at Mhow.

The station of Asirgarh is virtually contained within the walls of the ancient Fort. It is irregular in shape, about 1,100 yards in length, and 760 yards at greatest breadth. The top of the hill is uneven and irregular and in area is about 60 acres. The population is about 2,000, but at Khandwa some 20½ miles off there are 16,000, and at Berhanpore 12½ miles distant there are 31,500 inhabitants. The walls are in bad repair, but the sides of the hill are precipitous in most places, the perpendicular height from the summit varying from 80 to 120 feet, the sides being well scarped. There are only two entrances into the fort, one at the south-east corner, being little used, owing to the steepness of the ascent which is up a succession of steep steps with seven gateways at irregular intervals; this entrance is accordingly named "The Seven Gates." The other entrance is at the west end of the fort, and is named "The Main Gate." A zig-zag steep path with steps, in places passable for men and unloaded animals, connect the fort by the shortest route with the pettah or village situated below in the plains. There is a second line of communication with the country below by a superior road available for guns and wheeled carriage, about three miles in length, winding up along the northern slope of the hill; both of these roads meet at some steps leading to the Main Gate entrance. The geological formation of the hill is basaltic; the soil being chiefly found from decomposition of the underlying trap-rock. The ranges of hills to the south-west and west (one of equal height to Asirgarh) are probably within the range of modern Artillery, as also some smaller hills to the north-east, virtually almost spurs of the Asirgarh hill itself; but it would be difficult to plant heavy batteries on the summit of any of them. A peak or spur, called "Moghul Topi," at the south-east corner, is within rifle range, and may be almost said to command portions of the interior of the fortress, but its summit is not easily accessible. In several places in the lower slope of the hills are the remains of walls which originally marked the lower or outer defences of the Fort. There are no other in the neighbourhood of Asirgarh. The numerous ravines in the lower slopes, and the thick jungles after the rains, afford plentiful cover to an enemy. There is a good encamping ground situated on the plains, about 1½ miles from the village, on the Mhow Road, in a north-west direction, with a plentiful supply of water.

The climate of Asirgarh is pleasant and temperate, without any great extreme of cold or heat. The rains commence early in June, and the average annual rain-fall is about 40 inches. The hot weather begins about the 15th March and lasts for 2½ months. A hot wind blows during the day in April and May, but the nights are invariably cool. The rains continue to the end of September, and the cold weather commences in October, and may be said to last until March. The mean temperature is about 80 degrees.

There are three fair-sized tanks inside the fort, dependant on the rain-fall for supplying them with water. These tanks have never been known to run dry. The quality of the water is inferior. In the case of the sunken tanks, from which a certain amount of drinking water is allotted to each household or family daily, the quality of the water has been improved by enclosing a wall at the north corner, and allowing the water to filter through the natural media into it. There are other smaller tanks which are, however, not used except for lavatory purposes. The village water-supply is from shallow wells during the rains. In the hot weather the only drinkable water is from a well at the west end of the village, also from a tank on the way in the zig-zag road between the fort and the village. The sepoys drink the water from the western tank, called the sepoy's tank.

The parade-ground is within the fort, but limited in extent, being only about 150 yards in length and 50 yards in breadth. There is, however, plenty of waste lands in the neighbourhood, affording good positions for manœuvring.

There is accommodation in the three barracks for five sergeants and one hundred and six Europeans, and there are two married quarters for ten families in each. The auxiliary buildings are numerous and complete in every respect. There is a bakery and commissariat store in the fort, and slaughter-yard, cattle-pen and sheep-pen in the village. A part of the bomb-proof is used by the Commissariat for storing grass. The Native Infantry huts are situated in the south-west portion of the fort and are made of mud and wattle, and accommodate one hundred and eighty-two men. There are six huts. They were built by the Bombay Government, and were transferred in 1854 to the Public Works Department, Central Provinces. There is no prison but there are two cells for confining Europeans attached to the quarter-guard. There is no Church or Chapel for Protestants, the services being usually held in the verandah of one of the barrack-rooms. There is a Chapel for Roman Catholics, and it is private property. The Hospital is on the Station System, when there are Europeans in the garrison, and has accommodation for sixteen beds, and an infection ward for one patient. Natives are treated in the Staff Hospital. The Cemetery is situated on a low spur mid-way between the fortress and the pettah, on the zigzag road.

Asirgarh is one of the most healthy places in the Central Provinces, and is entirely free from epidemics and sickness. Periodically a few cases of small-pox occur in the village, but the fortress from its position is easily isolated from the surrounding country when cases occur. Vaccination is carried out in the village by the medical subordinate attached to the Charitable Dispensary, which is under the orders of the Central Provinces authorities, and in the fort by the Medical Officer in charge.

Supplies are in general of good quality and equal to requirements and capable of being increased. The rates are fair and reasonable. Wines and medical comforts and Europe vegetables are not procurable locally and grain has to be imported from Khandwa, Burhanpore, and adjacent villages. A reserve stock of three months' supplies is kept in the Commissariat Stores, and the contractors are bound to keep two months' supply of rations during the monsoon, and one month's during the remainder of the year.

The fortress was transferred from the Poona District to the Mhow District by G. G. O. No. 774, dated 7th December, 1874. It is connected with the G. I. P. Railway at Chandni, distant seven miles, by a very superior road, crossed by two nullahs, which are bridged over. This road, as also those within the fort, are kept in repair by the Public Works Department, under the orders of the Executive Engineer, Hoshungabad Division. The cantonment revenue and expenditure are about Rs. 1,500 annually. The fortress of late years has been used for the confinement of political prisoners, a few of whom remain. The Commandant receives a staff salary of one hundred rupees a month for holding the command. There is a 900 yards rifle range about one mile to the north of the pettah, which is but seldom used. Now that Asirgarh has no European garrison, it might well be utilized as a sanitarium for the sick and weakly soldiers of the Mhow and Neemuch garrisons, instead of sending them all the way to Purandhar. The Fortress of Asirgarh was placed in telegraphic communication with the outside world, in December, 1884.

PALTAN.

THE scheme for "Pan-Britannic games," which has lately received the support of the president of the O.U.B.C., is being

A GERMAN VIEW OF THE SLAVE-TRADE.

GERMAN opinion is somewhat less bitterly hostile to slavery as an institution than English as may be judged from the subjoined article by Herr Paul Reichard, in the *Fels Zum Meer* of Stuttgart :—

From time immemorial the East coast of Africa has been the resort of Arabs, principally traders and political refugees. The latter colonised the coast, and their favourite pursuit being agriculture conducted by slave labour, they contributed to the development of the slave-trade for home requirements, and to the establishment of regular depots for the export trade. The clip[illegible] was similar to that they had left behind, the soil [illegible] fertile, slave labour cheaper and more abunda[illegible] conditions under which the Arab colonies became flourishing settlements. Until the first decade of the present century the Arabs remained in undisturbed possession of the East Coast, only continually fighting among themselves, when the English put in an appearance and gradually acquired supreme control, until Germans, too, obtained a footing and a share in the dominion of the region. The Arab power is now broken and Arab influence and Arab culture have received a death-blow. For the moment, it is true, Arab influence is still in the ascendant in the interior where the Soudan Arabs have been strengthened by the influx of the coast Arabs; but it is only the last flicker of an expiring lamp, the death struggle of a doomed race. It is the prelude to a great "folks-drama" in which Islam, fighting to the death, will go down before the ever advancing hosts of a higher civilisation.

The enormous development of the slave export trade to Zanzibar, Arabia and India in the early decades of the century aroused England to energetic measures for its suppression. The first result was the ruin of the Zanzibar settlers who were successfully engaged in the cultivation principally of cloves, but who were soon reduced to bankruptcy by the suppression of the slave-trade. At this time the ivory trade was being extensively developed and the ruined planters for the most part engaged in it. They borrowed the necessary capital at exorbitant interest from the Hindu Banyas settled at Zanzibar and penetrating into the interior very soon established stations, and monopolised the valuable trade over a wide region, engaging incidentally in the slave-trade as opportunity offered. Arab Settlements were ere long established in the interior creating an extensive demand for slaves under which the slave-trade once more flourished as vigorously as of old.

Considering the power and influence wielded by the Arabs in Eastern Africa, one may well be astonished at the paucity of their numbers. On my estimate the pure blooded Arabs in Zanzibar and on the East Coast do not exceed six thousand, while those in the interior scarcely number five hundred. The mixed race may be estimated at 9,000 to 10,000; they have all the faults of both races and the virtues of neither. About four-fifths of them are in the interior, and to them must be ascribed nearly all the cruelties commonly attributed to Arab traders. Nowadays the Arabs purchase most of their slaves from native dealers. The traders find their principal profit in ivory, and deem it to their interest to stand well with the natives, excepting in the Nyasa district, where they sometimes form leagues with the marauding native tribes themselves and share the booty. The child slaves are all brought up in the Moslem faith, and become the most inveterate foes of their own people. The Arab forces in the interior are thus strengthened; and now that the Arabs of the Congo have united with those of the Soudan the slave-trade will receive a fresh impetus.

As regards the terrors of the march, a great deal of exaggeration has been indulged in. It is certainly a custom with both Arabs and Negroes to slay those slaves who, through sickness or exhaustion, are unable to continue the march. But the Arabs are shrewd enough to realise that it is to their interest to bring their slaves to market in the best possible condition. And a slave's life has nothing in it very terrible to the African. His Arab master has not the energy to get too much out of him, and he does his appointed task, lazily, perhaps, but without demur. Should his master ill-treat him he could always run away, and, although this would only involve a change of masters for him, the fact that he could do so would suffice to teach the master prudence.

On the whole the slave-trade in East Africa is by no means so repulsive as has been generally supposed, and it is important that we should know this; for, considering that we have undertaken to make an end of it, we ought to be familiar with every phase of the subject. The supposition that we might at least rely upon the support of the slaves themselves is by no means well-founded. The conditions of slavery were [illegible] the negroes of the interior before the ap[illegible] the Arabs.

[illegible]OW WOMEN PROPOSE.

[illegible] women propose? asks the *Spectator*. [illegible]ecord, for in nine cases out of ten the [illegible]t honestly believing that he himself is [illegible] and not the [illegible]econder, of the motion that [illegible]nd yet the [illegible]rocess is hardly a secret one, [illegible] require[illegible] little consider[illegible] parti[illegible] since him t[illegible]y to the [illegible]fact is, th[illegible], as some [illegible]oman's way[illegible]h more easy [illegible]re formal a[illegible] chance of [illegible] speech fro[illegible]ion the pr[illegible]e difficult to su[illegible] companion into the [illegible] actions that to-day would bind him, it is very di[illegible]m to his knees and extor[illegible]peech. Thackeray amused [illegible] one of Madame d'Arblay's [illegible] love-scenes into the appropriate slang [illegible]nt of his day. It is clear that had Mad[illegible]ay's Lord Orville been at all uncertain [illegible]gs, her heroine would have lost her suiter. [illegible], heroine would not have lost him, nor have suffered him to leave her presence save as an engaged man. Where speech is free and easy, and manners informal, the task of bringing a possibie suitor to a clear explanation is not a very difficult one. So expert do some young women become at this art, that—we are given to understand—they sometimes collect as many as a dozen proposals for their hand in the course of one London season—an amusement which is extremely unfair to their more serious sisters, in that it serves to throw discredit on their sex, and to make the men more wary in the case of those who are really in earnest. And here we may remark that this frivolous young person is generally more successful than the one whose intentions are honest and honourable. Still the woman who is in earnest should, without the exercise of much diplomacy, be generally able to bring the uncertain admirer to the brink of a certain proposal. The methods, of course, must vary with the manner of his uncertainty, for all fish are not taken by the same bait. For instance, there is the diffident, lazy lover, the selfish lover, and the flighty lover: all these require a different treatment in order to bring them to pronounce the fatal words. The diffident lover is often the most troublesome, for the words have almost to be put into his mouth before he will pronounce them; still, even in his case, judicious prompting may bring out the avowal without any loss of pride to either party. The other three kinds do not suffer from lack of words, but from lack of steady purpose. To strengthen that purpose at the critical moment is a task to which few women are unequal. There are two emotions that are most akin to love, pity and anger, and playing upon one which is most possessed by her suiter, a woman can often fan his smouldering love into the flame of speech. The selfish man, who fears to commit himself, and studiously avoids an avowal which will cause him to lose irrevocably the comforts of his single life, as also a small section of that flighty youth whose fickle fancy has a habit of wandering elsewhere at the very moment that it seems most fixed, can be best brought to book by the means of jealousy. When the opportunity for proposal occurs, and such a man still hesitates or seems disposed to retreat, let him have sudden and unexpected cause for jealous anger, and his own selfishness will prove an ally to the woman and a traitor to himself. The unselfish man whom idleness or wavering purpose prevents from declaring his feelings, is best spurred to action by an access of pity. It is terrible to a woman to be the first to declare herself, and for that reason she would probably prefer to deal with the selfish man, where her intention can be best concealed; but even in the case of the other, though the intention of her appeal to his pity may be clear enough to herself, it need not necessarily be so clear to him. Nor is there any necessity for words. A pair of swimming eyes, or a break in the voice, may be quite sufficient to stir the latent and silent love of the other into active expression. And why not? Why should a girl be condemned to watch her lover drift away while she remains silent and inactive?

There is something rather humorous in the conventional idea of courtship which would always have the man the pursuer and the woman the pursued. Possibly there are not many married women who, in the face of that convention, would have the candour to say that they proposed to their husbands upon such-and-such occasion, or in such-and-such a way. And yet how many marriages are brought about by the woman, and not by the man! And it must be remembered that if on the one hand a woman is under the disadvantage of being forced to conceal her pursuit, on the other hand she is infinitely better equipped for the chase than the man is, and much more ready and resourceful. She thoroughly knows what she is about; whereas the man, even when he is persuaded that there is only one woman in the world for him, generally wavers as to the advisability of telling her so. She speedily convinces herself as to whether the game is worth winning or not; while he is never quite sure if it were not better to lose it. It is, perhaps, fortunate that the recognised idea of courtship is what it is; were it otherwise, and the woman more free to pursue, there would be few bachelors left in the land.

A CENTRAL News telegram from New York says:—The China Exclusion Bill passed by the House of Representatives last week has aroused much more adverse criticism than was anticipated, and this fact appears to have had considerable effect upon the Bill Committee of the Senate. At a meeting of that body yesterday it was decided to recommend the Senate to substitute for the measure passed by the Lower House a bill of one clause, simply providing for the continuance for another ten years of the present law dealing with Chinese immigration and the government of Chinese in the United States generally. In view

THE PUBLIC SPEAKERS' RECORD

IT has occurred to the "Pall Mall Gazette" to add a new terror to public life. In an article suggested by Mr. Gladstone's Magnificat to the Platform in the current number of the "Nineteenth Century" our contemporary remarked that an estimate of the space allotted to public speakers by the newspapers would give us one of the chief tests of their rise or fall in public favour. It was attempted to follow up the suggestion in detail, and has taken counsel with some of those who keep guard over the reporting of the chief newspapers—London and provincial—and has arrived at certain conclusions which are given.

"VERBATIM," "COLUMN," "HALF-COLUMN," AND "PARAGRAPH."

There are, roughly speaking, four classes of reports commonly used by the leading newspapers. There is the verbatim report in the first person, which runs to three columns, or even four; there is the summary in the third person, which occupies a column; there is the half-column summary; and there is, lastly, the short paragraph. Any member of Parliament or public man is, of course, well reported by the local papers of the district to which he belongs, but for present purposes we leave what may be called local reports out of account.

THE CLASS LIST FOR THE YEAR.

Taking the four classes—the verbatim men, the column men, the half-column men, and the paragraph men—and adding a fifth intermediate class between one and two, we find that the press, generally speaking, appraises the value of public men at the present moment very much as follows:—

CLASS I.—Verbatim always or generally.	
Mr. Gladstone	Mr. Balfour
Lord Salisbury	Mr. Chamberlain
CLASS II.—Verbatim sometimes, generally column.	
Duke of Devonshire	Mr. Goschen
Mr. J. Morley	Lord Rosebery
Sir Wm. Harcourt	
CLASS III.—Column.	
Lord R. Churchill	Sir M. Hicks Beach (on trade)
Sir Henry James	
CLASS IV.—Half-column.	
Sir G. Trevelyan	Mr. Mathews
Lord Spencer	Mr. Justin
Lord Cross	McCarthy
Lord G. Hamilton	Duke of Argyll
Mr. Stanhope	Lord Derby
Sir Charles Russell	
CLASS V.—Paragraph, and occasionally half-column.	
Mr. Campbell-Bannerman	Sir E. Clarke
Mr. Mundella	Sir J. Gorst
Mr. Stansfeld	Lord Herschell
	Mr. H. H. Fowler

THE DECLINE OF LORD RANDOLPH.

Now, if this list had been drawn up three years ago there would have been some notable differences. The decline of Lord Randolph Churchill has perhaps been the most striking feature in the Interval. For about three years, from the middle of 1885 to the middle of 1888, he was a sole verbatim man, and might have remained so but for his erratic ways and his fatal habit of speaking too long. When a man speaks for two hours instead of one the editor who has ordered a verbatim report finds all his arrangements upset by receiving six columns instead of the expected three, and all in a form most difficult to cut down or compress in any way except by rewriting. Rather than run the risk of this confusion in the most critical hour of the night, he will next time confine his order to a summary, which will not in any case overflow the column.

THE PRIVILEGED CLASS.

Of the first-class men Mr. Gladstone is almost the only one who is able to break bounds with impunity. He may, and often does, exceed the regulation three columns; but the newspapers must have him, and be the swearing never so loud in the sub-editors' rooms at midnight they must get him in or conceal the cuts with great cunning. A Prime Minister or ex-Prime Minister stands on his own pedestal, and the public demand him in full whenever he speaks. Were it otherwise, no newspaper would grudge its space to Lord Salisbury. He hardly ever exceeds his three columns, and he is always good reading, terse, epigrammatic, and grammatical—the latter a great and rare virtue among public speakers.

THE USES OF INDISCRETIONS.

Most of his speeches, moreover, are helped out by at least one "blazing indiscretion." The same reasons maintain Mr. Chamberlain in newspaper favour. The public like him in full for his exceeding cleverness and for the malice which loses its sting in a summary. Mr. Balfour is for the present in the front rank by virtue of his office rather than of his oratory. Whether he will remain there when he goes into opposition depends upon his capacity of managing himself and confining his speeches to the right times and the right length.

THE SECOND CLASS.

To come to the second class—all four men included here are commonly given a full report in the "Times," and on first-class occasions a full report in the greater provincials. But their general average is the column summary. When the Irish question is acute, Mr. Morley gets a full report, and as Chief Secretary in the next Government he will be sure of that privilege. Just for the moment he is among the column men, but well in the front rank. Sir William Harcourt has shown a slight tendency to decline of late, and has rarely got beyond a column in the provincial dress. Mr. Goschen has been tried as a verbatim man, but hardly with success. He is, however, always quite sure of his column. Lord Hartington has always been weighty, and when he first appears as Duke of Devonshire, he will get his three columns. But he is easily compressed, and loses nothing in the process.

[illegible] notable decline is that of Lord Cross, who used to be reported in the first person in the great days of the Eastern Question, and is now a rather perilous half-column. Mr. Matthews has, curiously enough, increased in demand during his tenure of office; but Lord G. Hamilton and Mr. Stanhope have distinctly gone back from their previous level. Among the peers Lord Spencer sticks at the half-column, while the Duke of Argyll and Lord Derby have descended to it from the verbatim level.

THE PARAGRAPH MEN.

Mr. Campbell-Bannerman, Mr. Stansfeld, and Mr. Mundella occasionally achieve a half-column, but generally remain in the paragraph stage. Yet in his early days as a promising young Radical Mr. Stansfeld has often secured a verbatim report; and Mr. Mundella a few years ago was frequently reported at column length. The Lord Chancellor Lord Herschell, and Lord Kimberley fail to mount from the paragraph; and the attempt to raise Lord Carrington to a higher level has not so far been successful. Mr. Labouchere, on the other hand, shows a tendency to advance, and a speech of his may often be seen reported at the half column length in the northern provincial dailies.

IS WAR DEADLY?

"Can anyone answer that? It's doubtful—very doubtful." War may not be healthy or conducive to longevity, especially for the front rank of the participants in the frolicsome pastime. We read in the big book how the reporters brought home records of hundreds of thousands slain in a single battle; but now, with all our modern deadly weapons, smokeless powder, and noiseless guns, we fall far short of the numbers slain in the scriptural history days. We, however, make up for deficiency in this respect by slaughtering thousands and hundreds of thousands by living an artificial life. We constantly struggle to live and obtain wealth, we cultivate a special form of life to induce disease, we drink alcohol and other stimulants, and thus live in a continual condition of nervous excitement. This enervates the whole system, but so slowly and insidiously that we never suspect the danger till some fatal disease attacks some vital organ, and then the patient runs panic-stricken, first to one doctor then to another, in the agony of despair. People should be wiss in their generation, and beware of the approach of the enemy, and ward off his initial attack. Remember that a continual languid feeling, and sharp attacks of neuralgia at night, with frequent or occasional headaches, or aching limbs, sleeplessness, hot burning urine, with constipation and loss of appetite, are each and severally signs sent by Nature to warn you of the physical disturbance, and that you must not neglect such symptoms, or your case may get beyond the power of medicine to cure. To turn aside the disease, and render the system impregnable to its ravages, a faithful and regular treatment with Clements' Tonic is essential. This remedy never can fail to restore healthy and normal action to every organ, as it treats the disease, and not the symptoms. We received from Alfred Godfrey, Esq., Solicitor, 391, Darling-street, Balmain, the following letter: "Jan. 19th, '91. Dear Sir,—It affords me much pleasure to recommend Clements' Tonic to all persons whose systems require bracing up. I have found it highly beneficial. I don't think its equal can be found." Also the following proof from Mrs. G. Wallis, 66, Ivy-st., N.S.W, Redfern:—"Dear Sir,—Having suffered for nearly two years from sciatics, and being unable to obtain relief from doctors, I was induced to use Clements' Tonic. I had small hopes of relief; but one large and part of a small bottle completely cured me, and that is now eight months since. The pain first struck my left side, extending to the back and down the leg below the knee. At times the pain was so severe that I could not rest day or night. I became so very thin and weak that my neighbours chaffed me, and said there would soon be a funeral; but thanks to Clements' Tonic I am completely cured. My daughter also suffered severely from toothache and pains across the eyes. She used Clements' Tonic, and is completely well ever since. I have also recommended it to many people, all of whom praise it highly, and you may use this as you like, and I shall be only too pleased to answer any enquiries, trusting I may bring relief to other sufferers." These are the kind of letters we are continually receiving by every mail. We only warn the public to be careful about getting the genuine. There are imitations in every chemist's shop. See the signature of F. Moore Clements on the wrappers and labels of every bottle, and expose the swindlers who try and put you off with an imitation.—Laboratories, Newtown, N. S. W.

M. VERNEGRADSKY, the Russian Minister of Finance, is still continuing to make rapid progress towards entire recovery. The mighty Minister is entirely a "self-made" man. He began life as the son of a humble village priest, was educated at a priest's seminary and became a mathematical master at the Russian Pedagogues' Institute. His first appearance in public life was as one of the

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

"THE MAELSTROM" DRESSES.

THE gowns worn at the Shaftesbury are somewhat sombre, as became such a doleful piece as "The Maelstrom." The only note of bright coloring was struck by Miss Decima Moore, who came on first in a charming frock of sea green crepon and wide white moire sash, falling in long ends behind. In the next act a short black walking dress was made with Eton jacket bodice over blouse and big sash of red Surah; a little black hat, with "donkeyear" bow of red velvet, and black quills at the back, and a tan cloth coat, are put on afterwards. Miss Moore's third gown is pale grey (voile,) slit at the sides to show panels of brocade, which appears again in the zouave jacket. A folded bodice is caught in by a wide grey sash, with large side loops. A flat fancy straw hat encircled with a magnificent white ostrich feather completes the toilet. Miss Olga Brandon wears as maiden a light fawn crepe, trimmed on the yoke and long cuffs, and on the skirt with an embroidery of jet and gold; a girdle to match outlines the waist and falls to the skirt in front. In the second act, as the wife of the madman, Lucius Tierce, Miss Brandon looks well in a gown of white (voile,) draped across the figure, and finished round the neck and wrists with flowers of chiffon. As the supposed wife of Dr. Hartleigh Miss Brandon looks more matronly in rich black velvet, with falling collar and deep ruffles of handsome white lace. Mrs. John Hart occupied the stage-box, and wore a lovely gown of shell pink bengaline and (crepe de Chine,) completed by some exquisite lace and splendid diamonds.

WEDDING DRESSES.

Miss Juliet Spencer-Bell is probably the first bride on record who has been given away by a young and charming unmarried sister. The wedding took place at St. George's, Hanover-sq., the other day, and Mr. Edmond Hillis was the happy man. His brother, Mr. John Hills, acted as best-man, and the vicar of the church, assisted by Canon Richmond, tied the nuptial knot. The bride wore a handsome gown of ivory satin, with Watteau train trimmed with Brussels lace, and cluster of sidelwrins. The plain tulle veil was arranged with orange blossoms and a diamond crescent, the gift of the bridegroom. Miss Spencer-Bell, the bride's sister, walked up the church beside her. She was gowned in pretty bengaline, trimmed with cream guipure, and wore a large grey hat with feathers. A beautiful shower bouquet of violets, tied with ribbons to match, harmonised prettily with this toilet. The bridal train was held by Master Lloyd Trevor, in picturesque page costume of pale blue, and by little Miss Busk in Sir Joshua Reynold's costume of white muslin over light blue silk, and big hat to correspond. Mrs. Hills, the bride's mother, wore black relieved with a good deal of pink ribbon. Lady Tenterden went in a magnificent heliotrope and black brocade, with jet bonnet and heliotrope plumes; Lady Fry, in black and gold, brought her daughter in grey gown and hat; Mrs. Andrew Lacy wore smoke-colored silk under black lace, and Miss Macdonald looked charming in reseda crepon and becoming hat.

A DRESS MAKER AND HER CUSTOMER.

Dressmakers' customers who are dissatisfied with the cut or the fit of their garments will do well to ponder on the moral of Wood v. Smith—an action which has been tried at the Liverpool Assizes. The plaintiff is a dressmaker at Southport, and she sought at the hands of a Liverpool jury such damages—she asked, she said, no more—as would suffice to clear her from the libellous grumblings of the defendant, who had employed her to make several dresses. When the garments came home Mrs. Smith was full of complaints. The buttonholes, she declared, might have been made "by a child of eight." As to a certain black satin bodice, it was so tight under the arms that she could not wear it, and hence was deprived of the pleasure of accompanying her husband to a Conservative soiree. Upon this the offended dress maker sought relief to her feelings by sending back some unfinished bodices, and declining to work for a customer so difficult to please, all which led to further complaints. Had the matter stopped there it is probable that no more would have been heard of the case; for the right to grumble is an Englishman and woman's indefeasible privilege. But Mrs Smith wrote to Mrs. Wood, by the hand of a friend, declaring, among other things, that some of the bodices was so ill-cut that neck and shoulders had disappeared. This raised a definite issue, and the dressmaker at once served her writ. Finally, the bodices and other articles having been tried on in court and carefully examined, the jury gave Mrs. Wood a verdict, with forty shillings damages.

ANGLICISED AND AMERICANISED.

Madame Adam counts among the most curious and unexpected facts for mothers in France the emancipation of French girls caused by the trinter course with English and American visitors. The surprising thing in the eyes of this lady is that you now see in France young women escorting each other, riding on horseback alone, going out with a maid or a governess without their mothers: and they go out with their brothers, too. They are to be found at receptions, where they are announced, where young men come to seek them, though their mothers do not appear. They even go out with an unmarried escort as older than themselves. One of the causes, she considers, that have brought about this change is the life at watering-places at the seaside resorts, and especially at places along the Mediterranean. Croquet has also much to answer for. Madame Adam looks back to the time when, as she says, everything was done to keep the thoughts of young girls on poetic, gay, and inven[illegible]

LITERARY, DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL.

THE ORIGIN OF A STRANGE ROMANCE.

IN an introduction to the new edition of Mr. George Meredith's "Tragic Comedians," Mr. Clement Shorter, says "Lounger" in the New York *Critic*, gives the real story on which Meredith founded his romance—the story of Ferdinand Lassalle and Helen von Donniges. It is a romantic story—one of the most romantic I have ever read; but what particularly interests me in it is the fact that a few years ago I used often to see the heroine of the tale right here in un-romantic New York. She was then married to a Russian Socialist, named Shevitch (Count Shevitch, he was called, for even Socialists share the human weakness for titles), a big, heavily bearded, rather distinguished-looking man, who edited a Socialistic journal in this city, though he made his home in Hoboken. The Count and Countess Shevitch were great "first-nighters" ten or twelve years ago, and I have frequently seen them together at the theatre and opera. It was impossible to be in the same place with them and not see them, he being conspicuous by his size and she by her wealth of golden hair, which she dressed in a manner to show it off to advantage. She was a handsome woman even then, and looked every inch the heroine of a romance. The last time I saw her she was buying stockings in a Broadway shop. I made some pretext for stopping at the same counter, so that I could get a better look at her. She had grown stout, and there were signs of advancing age about her face; but it was still very striking, and the yellow hair had only a thread or two of silver in it. She was evidently a careful buyer, for she examined the stockings knowingly, and held them up to the light to see if they had "double soles and heels," and asked if they were warranted "fast colours." As she walked away, after having made her purchase, I felt like telling the "saleslady" who she was; but it occurred to me that I should probably have to tell her who Lassalle and George Meredith were too, and I did not feel equal to the task. It has been so long since I saw the Countess Shevitch that I have wondered what had become of her. In his introduction Mr. Shorter says that she and her husband have returned to Russia, and are living at Riga; and I have no doubt they find better opportunities for carrying out their Socialistic schemes there than in prosaic Hoboken.

TWO VIEWS OF THEATRICAL TOURING.

Comparisons may be odious, but they have their uses notwithstanding. Within a few days of each other, oddly enough, have recently been published two separate accounts, widely different in tone, of the experiences springing from theatrical tours. To Madame Bernhardt, it seems these present nothing but a series of delightful trips. "People imagine," she writes, "that travelling fatigues me. On the contrary, it furnishes me my only period of repose. I pass the day in a confortable sleeping-car absolutely free from unwelcome intruders, receiving only two or three of my intimate friends. In the evening a carriage takes me to the theatre, where my dressing-room has been provided with every luxury. I finish the piece, sup, and then retire again to my sleeping-chamber. No life could be easier, more tranquil, or pleasanter. It is only in Paris that I have no leisure. From morning to night my time there is occupied by visits, rehearsals, dressmakers, and a thousand other details, including the emotions superinduced by the prospect of an approaching "premiere." From these I issue completely worn out, and run on to America or Australia in order to recreperate." Contrast with that the experience of the ordinary touring manager, as exemplified in the person of the late Mr. J. B. Ashley. "For years," one of his friends states, "he had slaved at the work, playing a part every night, travelling long and tedious journeys on Sunday, racking his brain to book dates, wiring and re-wiring for terms, altering and writing-up matter for printers' bills, watching the houses anxiously for the nightly returns, worrying as to the wear-and-tear of baggage and scenery, and meeting with what is termed on the bill "great success"—only to find, when illness came and death stalked in, that all had been in vain: capital, energy, health, and life had gone, and his family left unprovided for." Of the two pictures it requires out little knowledge of the profession to determine which is the more commonly to be met with. Unhappily, however, many of the hardships experienced by such touring managers are due almost exclusively to their own rashness, want of foresight and lack of ordinary business caution.

WALT WHITMAN'S POVERTY.

Whitman seems to have died amid surroundings of anything but a comfortable character. "When I described (says a writer in the *Critic*) a recent visit to Walt Whitman I did not say half I thought of the squalor and wretchedness of his surroundings. It is a wonder to me that he did not die long ago from the effects of the unwholesome atmosphere of the place. Whitman was a man who loved and needed the sunlight and fresh air. In that wretched room he had neither. It faced the north, and the little light that might have shone upon him was kept out by dirty windows and closed shutters. I doubt if the room had ever been swept, much less thoroughly cleaned. The dirty carpet (the writer goes on to say), the piles of old news papers, the unmade bed, the rickety stove that gave out enough heat to dry up a much more vigorous body than that of the old poet, all had the most depressing effect upon me when I came into the place from the crisp, clear air of a bright October day. I have read descriptions of old misers who have been found dead amid their miserable surroundings, but Walt Whitman's bed-[illegible]

[illegible] and in his recent speech in the Academy, though he confessed he had never read any of the latter's novels, he censured his naturalism. He was, however, unaware at the time of M. Zola's presence amongst the audience, and, on being apprised subsequently of the fact, he wrote to express his regret assuring the talented author of "Germinal" that, though he considers him mistaken in his views as mean, he has the greatest admiration for his "immense gifts, which are those of genius. In reply M. Zola, in his turn, assures the young Academician that he entertains the greatest sympathy for him, and is happy to declare himself publicly an admirer of his remarkable literary talents. He regrets, however, that he should have been allowed to commit a fault for which, later on, he will be sorry, the fault being, M. Pierre Loti is informed, "to have misunderstood the great literary movement of the present day in its vast and varied effort." With these expressions of mutual admiration the Zola-Loti incident, as it is called, is closed.

PIERRE LOTI AS A CATLOVER.

M. Viaud, of the French Navy, famous in the world of letters as Pierre Loti "de l'Academie Francaise," had a very sympathetic chapter about two cats in his last book but one. On the strength thereof Ouida hails him brother. Ouida has long been the champion of the dumb animals, who need champions abroad even more than in England; and many a generous and spirited plea has she uttered on their behalf. She finds in the Book of Pity and of Death a new evangel, and in Loti the last of the prophets. We too have a liking for Loti. There is more in th"Pecheur d'Islande," and even in the books of exotic love, than "the bleat of the sentimentalist and the caterwauling of the cad." But our liking [illegible] for Loti, the writer and dreamer of dreams, and not for Loti, the moralist. To be infinitely tender about a couple of cats, but to desert your Aziyas; to desert your Aziyade, and then to indulge in yearning memories of her: there is the sentimentalist naked and confessed, and possibly unashamed. Somehow one is not surprised to encounter Ouida in this galley.

FREEMAN'S LIE AND OPINIONS.

Just before his death, Professor Freeman wrote a short history of is life and opinions for an American review; and it thoroughly confirms the estimate which most of his friends had formed of him. Brought up among Tories, he remained in some things a Tory to the end of his days—suspicious of change, passionately devoted to precedent, contemptuous of new fngled ideas and of novelties in arts, science, and letters. Politically he called himself a Liberal, acoting Mr. Gladstone as his captain but not as hissacher. But this Liberalism differed entirely from the Radicalism of the present day, save in so far as was essentially reactionary. The Turk had only been "encamped" in Europe for four centuries, therefe he was an interloper, and must be turned out bags and baggage; an Emperor of Australia was an trage on historical propriety; and as in the days of the conqueror and Edward I. England had got on well enough without colonies or depelances, they were to be regarded as supfluous luxuries. His advocacy of Home Rule was largely due to the knowledge that the Parliament of "Earl Simon the Righteous" contained no representatives of Ireland, just as his like of natural science had its origin in the fact that it did not form part of the University [illegible]gram when Freeman of Trinity was an und[illegible]ate.

[illegible]ANK CRITICISM.

A prophe[illegible]equently without honour in his own count[illegible]pare with the eulogies of Whitman printe[illegible]he candid observations of the New York *Herald*:—

He wrot[illegible]siest, noisomest stuff ever called poetry, in[illegible]eginning with a capital letter, and whose clu[illegible]ctylic suggestion had a habit of dribbling [illegible] to utter prose. The characteristic of Walt W[illegible]an's style is the big and the braggart. His [illegible]s are the long-winded replication of Emers[illegible]goistic pantheism:

"I am o[illegible] of the sphere,
Of the sun, stars and the solar year,
Of Cæsar's hand and Plato's brain,
Of Lord Christ's heart and Shakespeare's strain.

LITERATURE A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

Mr. Walter Besant, or some other contributor to "The Ashor," who has imbibed his passion for proving at "the world went very well then," has discovered that our great grandfathers were very much better supplied with periodical literature than is generally supposed. In 1807 he finds that there were forty magazines to nine millions of people, though in those days rustics, children, and the working classes read nothing. The list is certainly remarkable. It includes at least three publications specially addressed to ladies, two of which we published at half-a-crown each. This, it is observed, makes "one magazine for every forty thousand people," at which rate we should have no "seven hundred magazines of the higher class." Of out of course the progress of popular literature is not marked by the number of magazines, but by the extent of their circulation. The whole forty publications of 1807 put together could not probably boast of as large a circulation as is enjoyed by some of our monthly sixpennies.

RUSHES FOR BOOKS.

Talking one day with a friend on the vicissitudes of the publishing business the late Mr. John Murray observed that there were not in these days such remarkable rushes for books as from time to time marked the earlier history of the trade. He cited as a case in point the publication of the fourth canto of "Child Harold." He remembered quite well seeing the crowd of intending purchasers extending from the shop in Albemarle-street [illegible]

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FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA.
FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS.
FOR SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS.
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

Remarks by Masters of Hounds.

From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.
Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1st, 1879.
SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables; I think it very [illegible] RUTLAND,
Master [illegible]

From Lord [illegible]

SIR,—ELLIMAN'S stables, and I consider [illegible] capacity in the stable [illegible]

Master of t[illegible]

From the [illegible]

Perfumery
Rimmel's Toilet Vinegar
An Indispensable Requisite
Rimmel
Eu[illegible]

PRIDE MARK. Are Sold
Gained the [illegible]
Adelaide E[illegible]

A B[illegible]
HEA[illegible]
VI[illegible]

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